

FIG. 3a

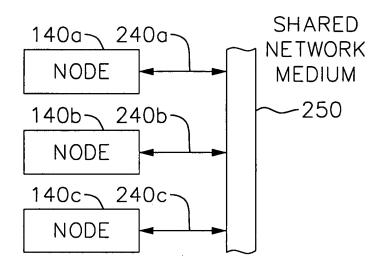
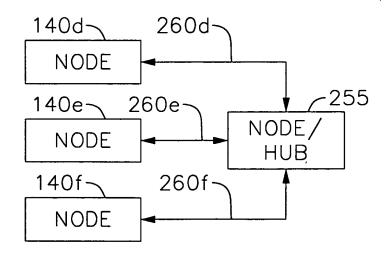
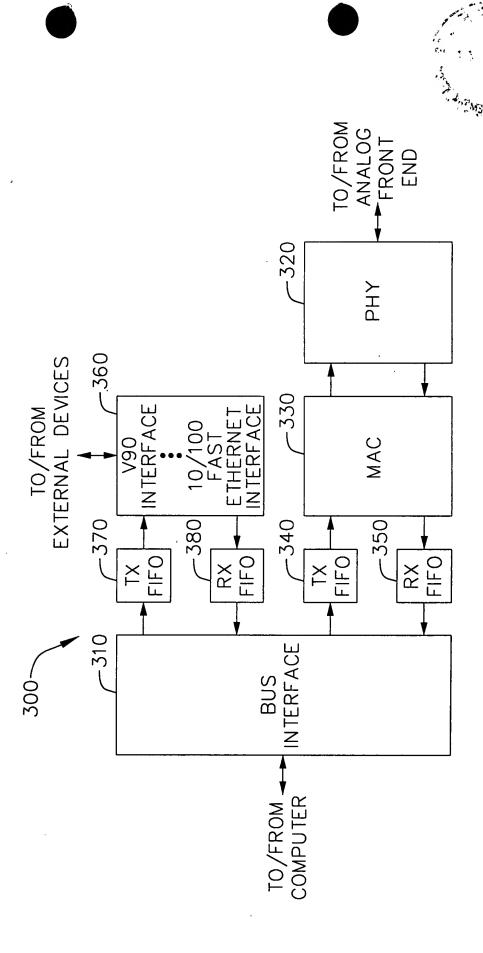
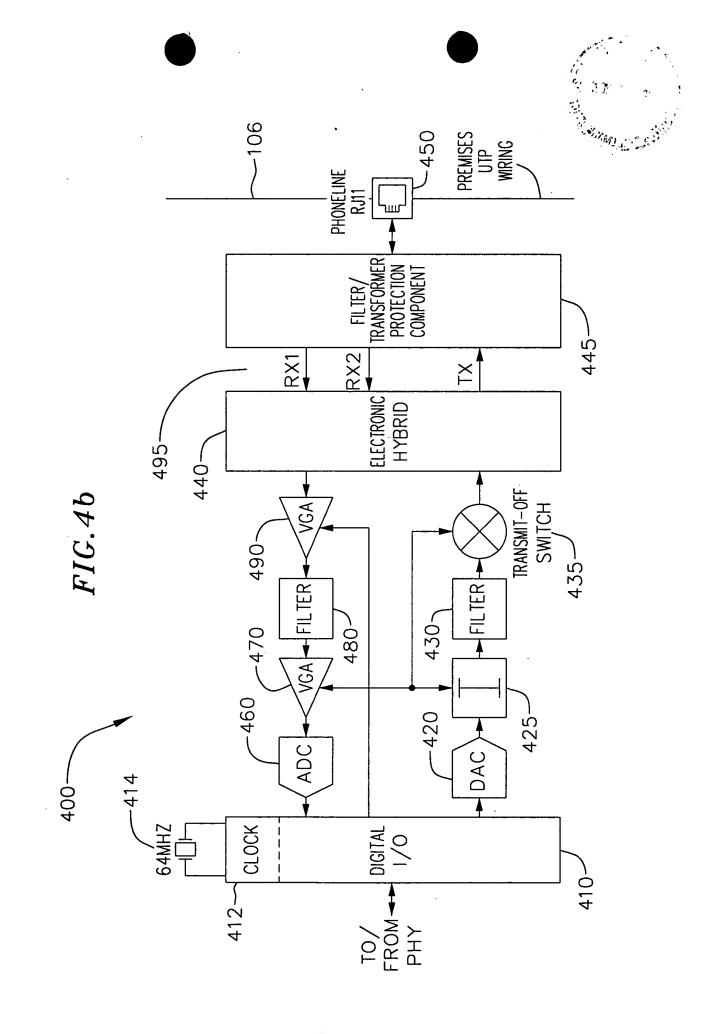


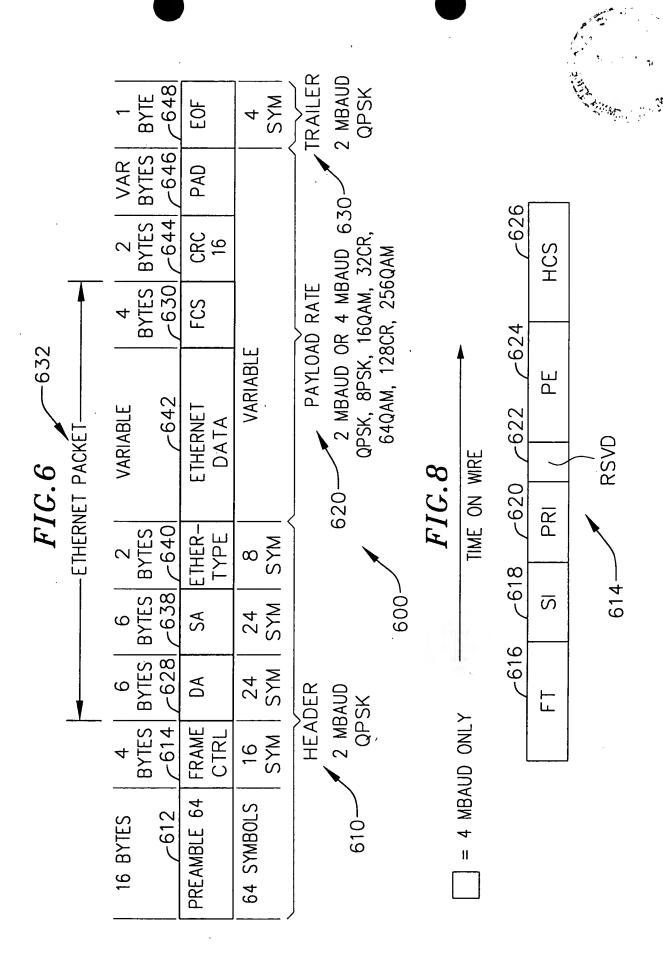
FIG.3b

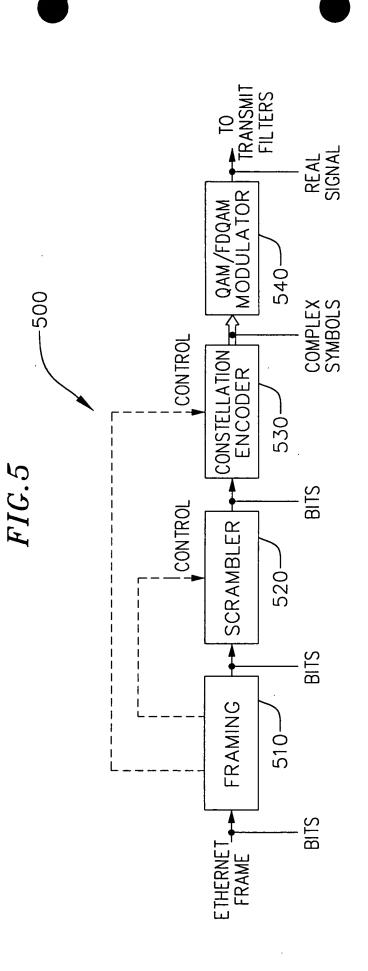


 $FIG.4\alpha$





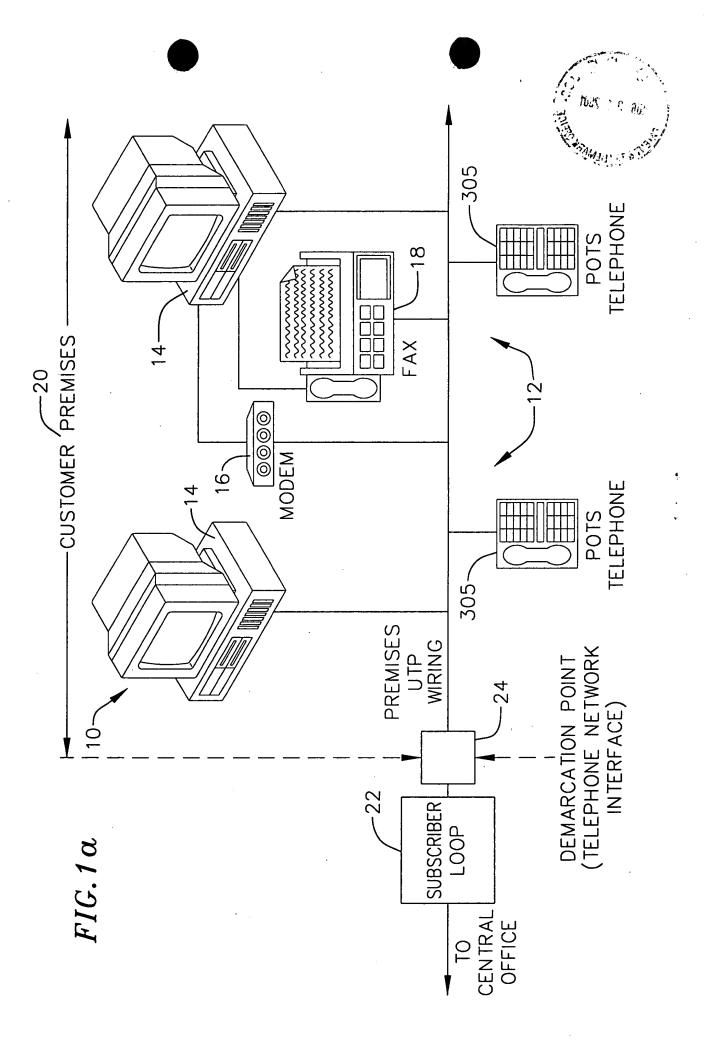


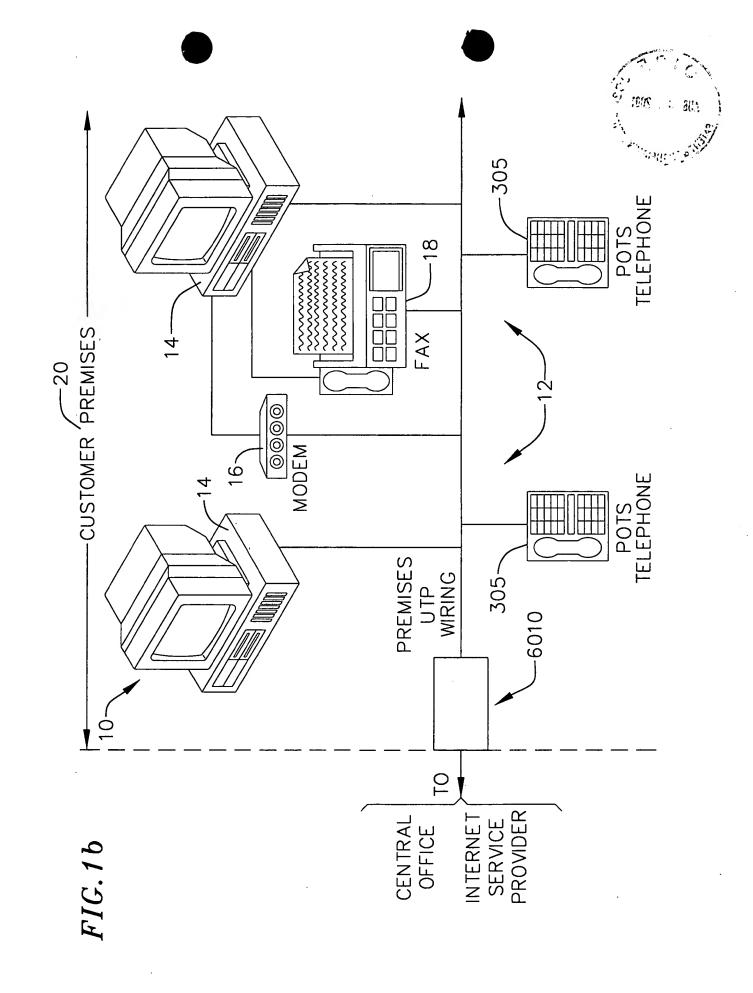




| FIELD | FIELD BIT NUMBER BITS | BITS | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------------------|------|---|
| F | 31:24 | 8 | FRAME TYPE. THIS FIELD SHALL BE SET TO ZERO BY THE |
| | | | TRANSMITTER. THE RECEIVER SHALL DECODE THIS FIELD AND |
| | | | DISCARD THE FRAME IF IT'S ANYTHING OTHER THAN ZERO. |
| RSVD | 23 | - | RESERVED. THIS FIELD SHALL BE SET TO ZERO BY THE |
| | | | TRANSMITTER, AND THE RECEIVER SHALL IGNORE IT. |
| PRI | 22:20 | 3 | PRIORITY (0-7) |
| S | 19:16 | 4 | SCRAMBLER INITIALIZATION |
| PE | 15:8 | 8 | PAYLOAD ENCODING |
| HCS | 7:0 | 8 | HEADER CHECK SEQUENCE |
| | | | |



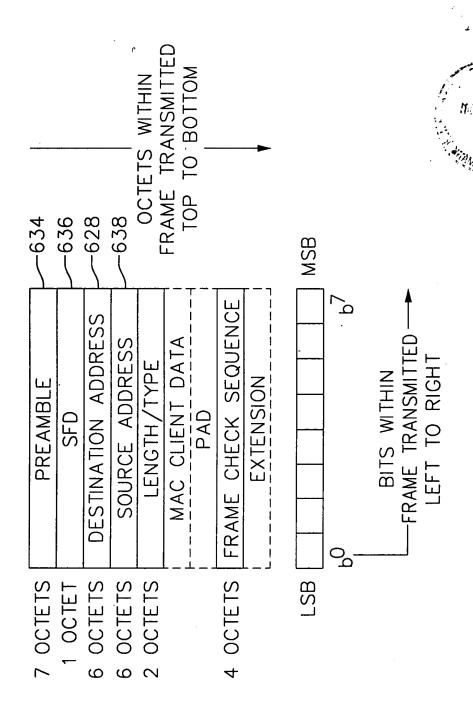




| VALUE | INTERPRETATION |
|--------|--|
| 0 | RESERVED ON TRANSMIT, DISCARD FRAME ON RECEIVE |
| 1 | BAUD RATE=2 MHz, 2 BITS PER BAUD |
| . 2 | BAUD RATE=2 MHz, 3 BITS PER BAUD |
| ٤ | BAUD RATE=2 MHz, 4 BITS PER BAUD |
| 4 | BAUD RATE=2 MHz, 5 BITS PER BAUD |
| 5 | BAUD RATE=2 MHz, 6 BITS PER BAUD |
| 9 | BAUD RATE=2 MHz, 7 BITS PER BAUD |
| 7 | BAUD RATE=2 MHz, 8 BITS PER BAUD |
| 8 | RESERVED ON TRANSMIT, DISCARD FRAME ON RECEIVE |
| 6: | BAUD RATE=4 MHz, 2 BITS PER BAUD |
| 10 | BAUD RATE=4 MHz, 3 BITS PER BAUD |
| 11 | BAUD RATE=4 MHz, 4 BITS PER BAUD |
| 12 | BAUD RATE=4 MHz, 5 BITS PER BAUD |
| 13 | BAUD RATE=4 MHz, 6 BITS PER BAUD |
| 14 | BAUD RATE=4 MHz, 7 BITS PER BAUD |
| 15 | BAUD RATE=4 MHz, 8 BITS PER BAUD |
| 16–256 | RESERVED ON TRANSMIT, DISCARD FRAME ON RECEIVE |
| | |



FIG. 10



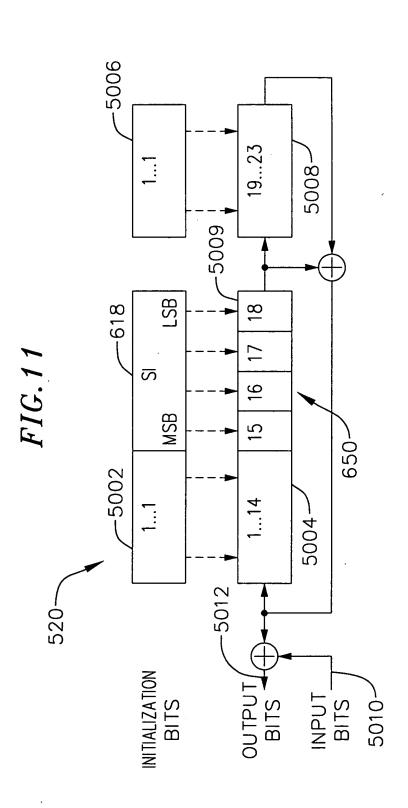




FIG. 12b

3 BITS PER BAUD

FIG.12lpha 2 BITS PER BAUD

| 01 | 00 |
|----|----|
| 11 | 10 |

| | 011 | 001 | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 010 | | | 000 |
| 110 | | | 100 |
| | 111 | 101 | |

FIG. 12d

5 BITS PER BAUD

FIG. 12c

| | 1 10 | | | | | | | | |
|------|--------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| • | BITS P | | | | 01010 | 01110 | 00110 | 00010 | |
| | | | | | | 01100 | | | |
| 0101 | 0100 | 0000 | 0001 | 01011 | 01001 | 01000 | 00000 | 00001 | 00011 |
| | | | | | | 11000 | | | |
| 1111 | 1110 | 1010 | 1011 | 11111 | 11101 | 11100 | 10100 | 10101 | 10111 |
| | | | | | 11010 | 11110 | 10110 | 10010 | |

FIG.12e6 bits per baud

| 011010 | 011011 | 011001 | 011000 | 011010 011011 011001 011000 001000 001001 | 001001 | 001011 | 001010 |
|--------|---|--------|-----------------------------|---|--------|--------|--------|
| 011110 | 011111 | 011101 | 011100 | 011110 011111 011101 011100 001100 001111 001110 | 001101 | 001111 | 001110 |
| 01010 | 010111 | 010101 | 010110 010111 010101 010100 | 0000100 0000101 0000110 | 000101 | 000 | 0000 |
| 010010 | 010011 | 010001 | 010000 | 010010 010011 010001 010000 000000 000001 000011 000010 | 000001 | 000011 | 000010 |
| 110010 | 110011 | 110001 | 110000 | 110010 110011 110001 110000 100000 100011 100010 | 100001 | 100011 | 100010 |
| 110110 | 110111 | 110101 | 110110 110111 110101 110100 | 100100 100101 100111 100110 | 100101 | 100111 | 100110 |
| 111110 | • ==================================== | 111101 | 111110 111111 111101 111100 | 101100 101101 101111 101110 | 101101 | 101111 | 101110 |
| 111010 | 1110111 | 111001 | 111000 | 111010 111011 111001 111000 101000 101011 101010 | 101001 | 101011 | 101010 |

FIG. 12f

7 BITS PER BAUD

| | | | | | | | | | | | ij. |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|
| | | 0010111 | 00011111 | 000 | 0000111 | 1000111 | 1001111 | 1011111 | 1010111 | The state of the s | ! <u>८च</u> |
| · | | 0010110 | 0011110 | 0001110 | 00000110 | 1000110 | 1001110 | 1011110 | 1010110 | | |
| .00011000 | 00000100 | 0010010 | 0011010 | 0001010 | 00000010 | 1000010 | 1001010 | 1011010 | 1010010 | 1000100 | 1001100 |
| 0001101 | 0000101 | 0010011 | 0011011 | 00001011 | 0000011 | 100001 | 1001011 | 101101 | 1010011 | 1000101 | 1001101 |
| 0011101 | 0010101 | 0010001 | 0011001 | 0001000 | 0000000 | 1000001 | 1001001 | 1011001 | 1010001 | 1010101 | 1011101 |
| 0011100 | 0010100 | 00010000 | 00011000 | 0001000 | 0000000 | 1000000 | 1001000 | 1011000 | 1010000 | 1010100 | 1011100 |
| 0101100 0101101 0111101 0111100 0011100 0011101 0001101 0001100 | 0110101 0110100 0010100 0010101 0000101 0000100 | 0110001 0110000 0010000 0010001 0010011 0010010 0010110 0010111 | 011100 0111000 0101001 0011001 0011010 0011110 0011111 | 0101001 0101000 0001000 0001001 0001011 0001010 0001111 0001111 | 0100001 0100000 00000000 0000001 0000010 0000110 0000111 | 110011 1100010 1100010 1100011 1100000 1100000 1000000 | 1101001 1101000 1001001 1001001 1001010 1001110 1001111 | 1111001 1111000 101101 1011011 1011010 1011110 1011111 | 1110001 1110000 1010001 1010011 1010010 1010110 1010111 | 1110101 1110100 1010100 1010101 1000101 1000100 | 1111101 1111100 1011100 1011101 1001101 1001100 |
| 0111101 | 0110101 | 0110001 | 0111001 | 0101001 | 0100001 | 1100001 | 1101001 | 1111001 | 1110001 | 1110101 | 1111101 |
| 0101101 | 0100100 0100101 | 01100111 | 0111011 | 0101011 | 0100011 | 1100011 | 1101011 | 11110111 | 11100111 | 1100100 1100101 | 1101100 1101101 |
| 0101100 | 0100100 | 0110111 0110110 0110010 0110011 | 011111 0111110 0111010 0111011 | 0101111 0101110 0101010 0101011 | 0100111 0100110 0100010 0100011 | 1100011 | 1101111 1101110 1101010 1101011 | 111111 1111110 1111010 1111011 | 1110111 1110110 1110010 1110011 | 1100100 | 1101100 |
| $\widehat{\downarrow}$ | | 0110110 | 0111110 | 0101110 | 0100110 | 1100110 | 1101110 | 1111110 | 11101110 | | |
| <i>(~1.</i> 01 | | 0110111 | 0111111 | 0101111 | 0100111 | 1100111 | 1101111 | • 1111111 | 1110111 | | |

FIG.12g8 bits per baud

าเจ้าจอ 111จ้าง 111จ้าน 111จ้าง 111จ้าง 111จ้าง 111จ้าง 111จ้าจง 111จ้างจ 111จ้างจ 101จ้าง 101จ้าง 101จ้าง 101จ้าง 101จ้าง 101จ้าง 101จ้าง ขาอจังเอ อาอจังเอ อาอจังเอ อาอจังเอ อาอจังเอ อาอจังอา อาอจังอา อาอจังออ อออจังออ อออจังอา อออจังเา อออจังเา อออจังเอ อออจังเอ อออจังเอ 1111110 111111010 111111011 111111000 101111001 101111001 10111011 101111010 10111110 10111110 10111110 อบาอร์เออ อบเอร์เอา อบเอร์บบ อบอร์บบ อบอร์อบอ อบอร์อบา อบอร์ออบ อบอร์อออ ออบอร์ออบ ออบอร์อบบ ออบอ์อบอ ออบอ์อบบ ออบอ์อบอ 01011111 01011110 01011010 01011011 01011001 01011000 00011000 00011001 00011010 00011110 00011111 00011101 00011100 วาออ้าออ อาออ้าอา อาออ้าม อาออ้ายอ อาออ้อย อาออ้าอม อาออ้าอย อาออ้าออ | ออออ้าออ ออออ้าอย ออออ้ายอ ออออ้ามอ ออออ้าย ออออ้าย อาเจ้าม อาเจ้าม องเจ้าอ องเจ้าอ องเจ้าอา องเจ้าออ องเจ้าออ | อองจ้าออ อองจ้าอง อองจ้าง อองจ้าง อองจ้าง อองจ้าง 111101111 10110110 0111110 01110101 01010101 11110101 11111101 01110

| VALUE | <u>:</u> + | (12+5i)/9 | (5+12i)/9 | (1+i)/3 | (1+i)/4 | (1+i)/7 | (1+i)/9 | (1+i)/15 |
|----------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| BITS PER BAUD REFERENCE POINT(S) | 00 | 000 | 001 | 0000 | 00000 | 000000 | 0000000 | 00000000 |
| BITS PER BAUD | . 2 | 3 | | 4 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 8 |

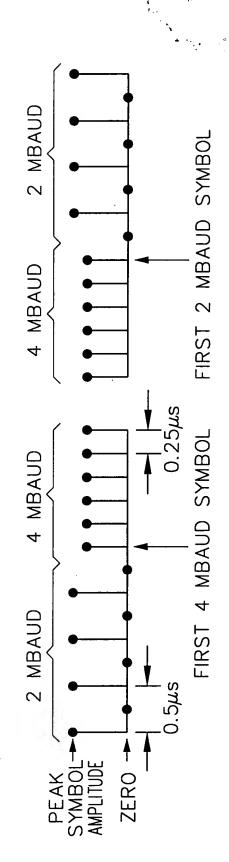
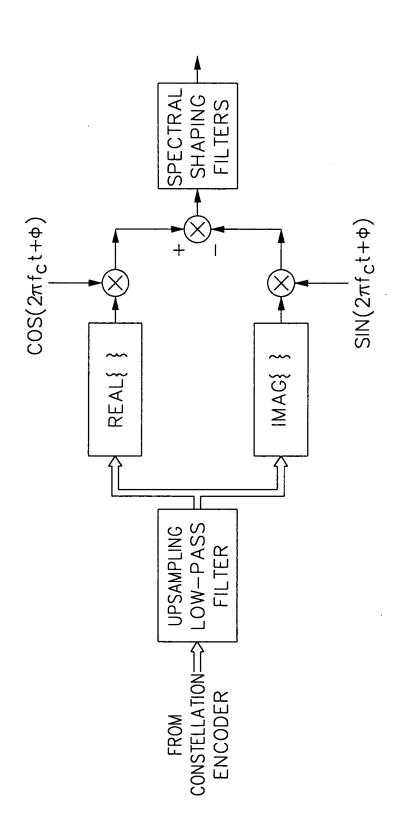


FIG. 15



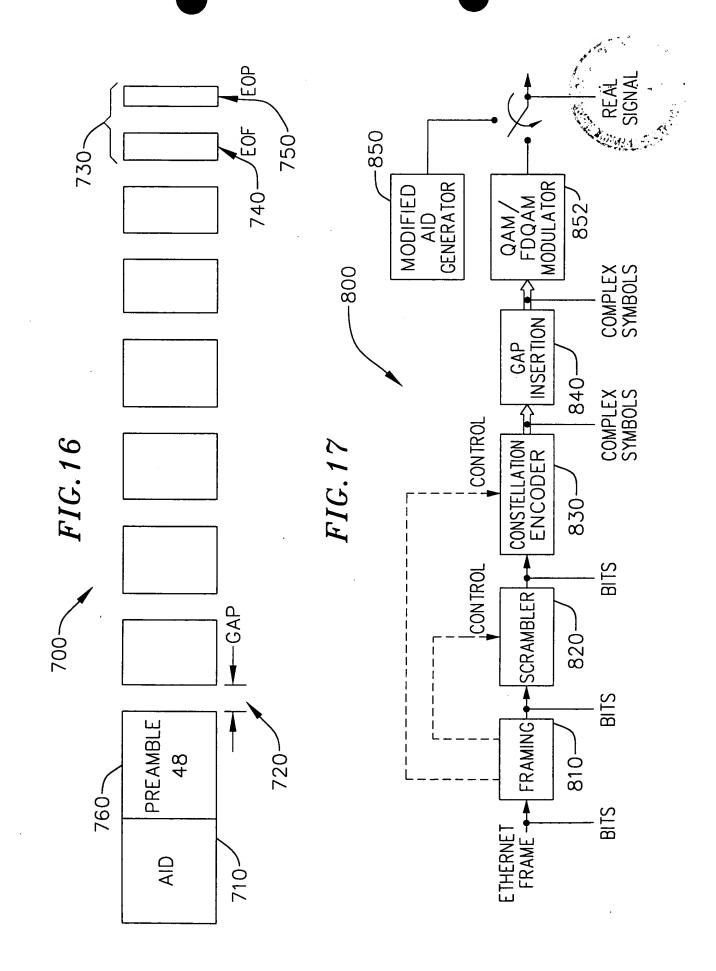
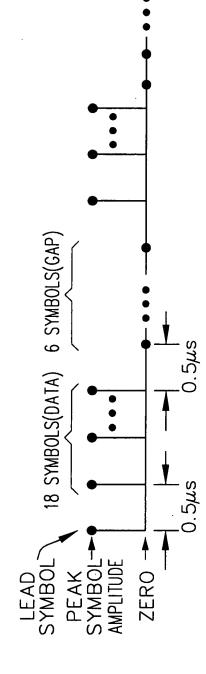
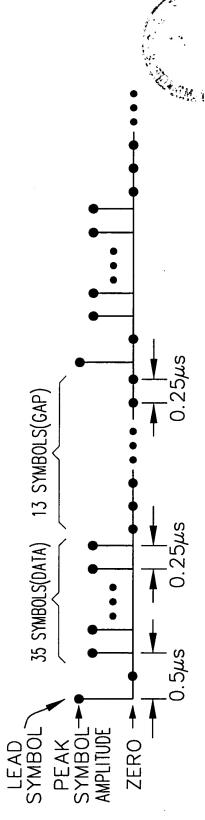


FIG. 18







| M MODULO 2 | P MODULO 2 | M MODULO 2 EOF/EOP SEQUENCE |
|------------|------------|--|
| 0 | 0 | • 4 SYMBOLS, DEFINED BY THE BITS Oxfc •12 ZERO SYMBOLS •1 SYMBOL, DEFINED BY THE BITS 00 |
| 0 | - | • 4 SYMBOLS, DEFINED BY THE BITS 0x03 •12 ZERO SYMBOLS •1 SYMBOL, DEFINED BY THE BITS 11 |
| - | | • 4 SYMBOLS, DEFINED BY THE BITS 0x03 •12 ZERO SYMBOLS •1 SYMBOL, DEFINED BY THE BITS 11 |
| | | • 4 SYMBOLS, DEFINED BY THE BITS Oxfc •12 ZERO SYMBOLS •1 SYMBOL, DEFINED BY THE BITS 00 |

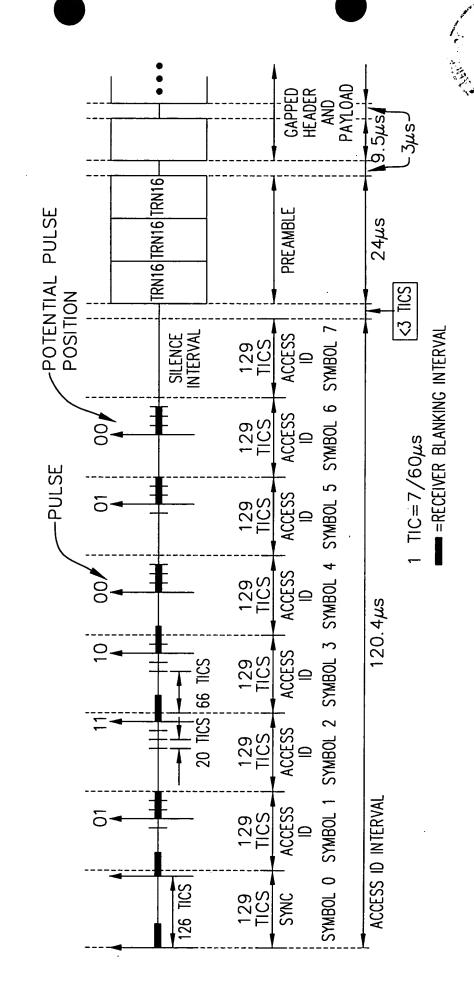


The start by the start shall that in them 14.7 for them will start start start that the

| M MODULO 2 | M MODULO 2 P MODULO 4 | EOF/EOP SEQUENCE |
|------------|-----------------------|---|
| 0 | 0 | • 4 SYMBOLS, DEFINED BY THE BITS Oxfc • 12 ZERO SYMBOLS • 1 SYMBOL DEFINED BY THE BITS ON |
| 0 | | • 4 SYMBOLS, DEFINED BY THE BITS 0x56 •12 ZERO SYMBOLS •1 SYMBOL DFFINED BY THE BITS 10 |
| 0 | 2 | •4 SYMBOLS, DEFINED BY THE BITS 0x03 •12 ZERO SYMBOLS •1 SYMBOL, DEFINED BY THE BITS 11 |
| 0 | 3 | • 4 SYMBOLS, DEFINED BY THE BITS 0xa9 •12 ZERO SYMBOLS •1 SYMBOL, DEFINED BY THE BITS 01 |
| - | 0 | • 4 SYMBOLS, DEFINED BY THE BITS 0x03 •12 ZERO SYMBOLS •1 SYMBOL, DEFINED BY THE BITS 11 |
| - | _ | • 4 SYMBOLS, DEFINED BY THE BITS 0xd9 •12 ZERO SYMBOLS •1 SYMBOL, DEFINED BY THE BITS 01 |
| 1 | 2 | • 4 SYMBOLS, DEFINED BY THE BITS Oxfc •12 ZERO SYMBOLS •1 SYMBOL, DEFINED BY THE BITS 00 |
| | 3 | •4 SYMBOLS, DEFINED BY THE BITS 0x56 •12 ZERO SYMBOLS •1 SYMBOL, DEFINED BY THE BITS 10 |



FIG. 22



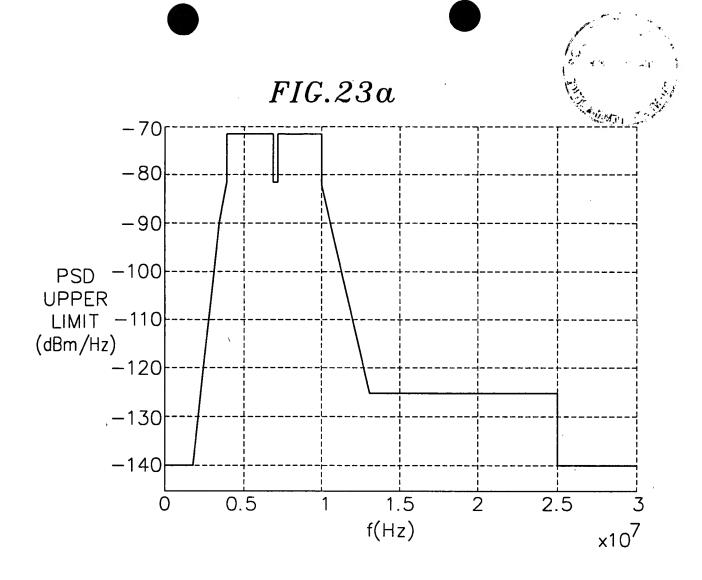
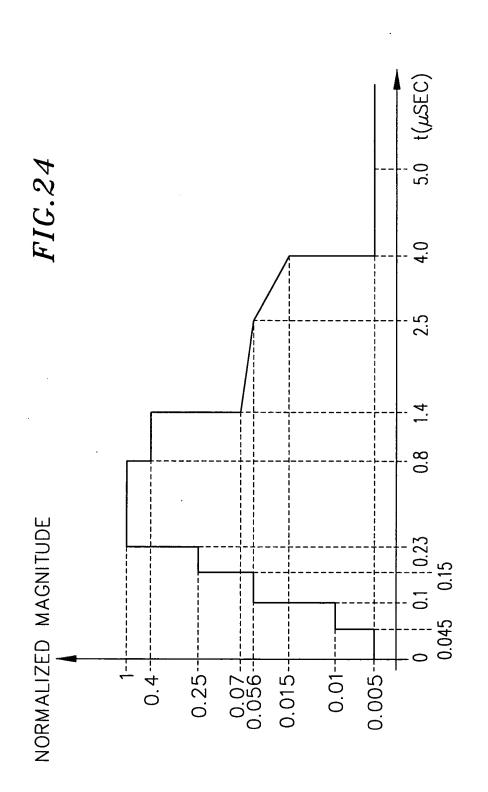


FIG.23b

| FREQUENCY(MHz) | PSD LIMIT(dBm/Hz) |
|--|-------------------------|
| 0.015 <f<=1.7< td=""><td>-140</td></f<=1.7<> | -140 |
| 1.7 <f<=3.5< td=""><td>-140+(f-1.7)*50.0/1.8</td></f<=3.5<> | -140+(f-1.7)*50.0/1.8 |
| 3.5 <f<=4.0< td=""><td>-90+(f-3.5)*17.0</td></f<=4.0<> | -90+(f-3.5)*17.0 |
| 4.0 <f<=7.0< td=""><td>-71.5</td></f<=7.0<> | -71.5 |
| 7.0 <f<=7.3< td=""><td>-81.5</td></f<=7.3<> | -81.5 |
| 7.3 <f<=10.0< td=""><td>-71.5</td></f<=10.0<> | -71.5 |
| 10.0 <f<=13.0< td=""><td>-81.5-(f-10.0)*43.5/3.0</td></f<=13.0<> | -81.5-(f-10.0)*43.5/3.0 |
| 13.0 <f<=25.0< td=""><td>-125</td></f<=25.0<> | -125 |
| 25.0 <f<=30.0< td=""><td>-140</td></f<=30.0<> | -140 |

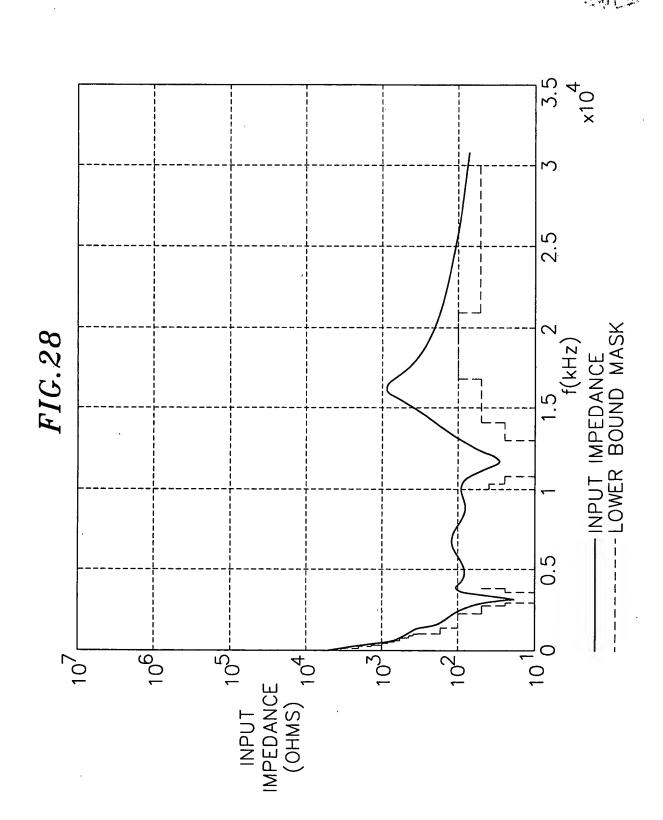




| FREQUENCY | MAXIMUM PEAK-TO- |
|---------------|------------------|
| RANGE(MHz) | PEAKINTERFERER |
| ` ' | LEVEL(VOLTS) |
| 0.01-0.1 | 6.0 |
| | |
| 0.1-0.6 | 3.3 |
| 0.6-1.7 | 1.0 |
| 1.7-4.0 | 0.1 |
| 7.0-7.3 | 0.1 |
| 10.0-10.15 | 0.1 |
| 14.0-14.35 | 0.28 |
| 18.068-18.168 | 0.5 |
| 21.0-21.45 | 0.5 |
| 24.89-24.99 | 0.5 |
| 28.0-29.7 | 0.5 |

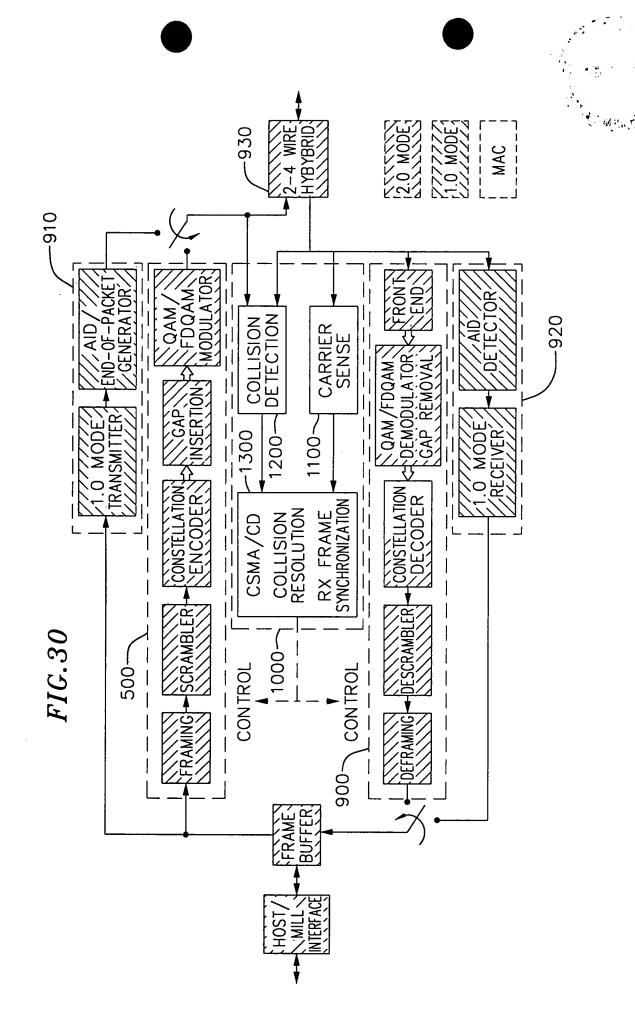
| FREQUENCY RANGE(MHz) | MAXIMUM PEAK—TO— PEAKINTERFERER LEVEL(VOLTS) |
|-------------------------|--|
| 0.01-0.1 | 20.0 |
| 0.1-0.6 | 20.0 |
| 0.6-1.7 | 10.0 |
| 1.7-4.0 | 2.5 |
| 7.0-7.3 | 2.5 |
| 10.0-10.15 | 2.5 |
| 14.0-14.35 | 5.0 |
| 18.068-18.168 | 5.0 |
| 21.0-21.45 | 5.0 |
| 24.89-24.99 | 5.0 |
| 28.0-29.7 | 5.0 |

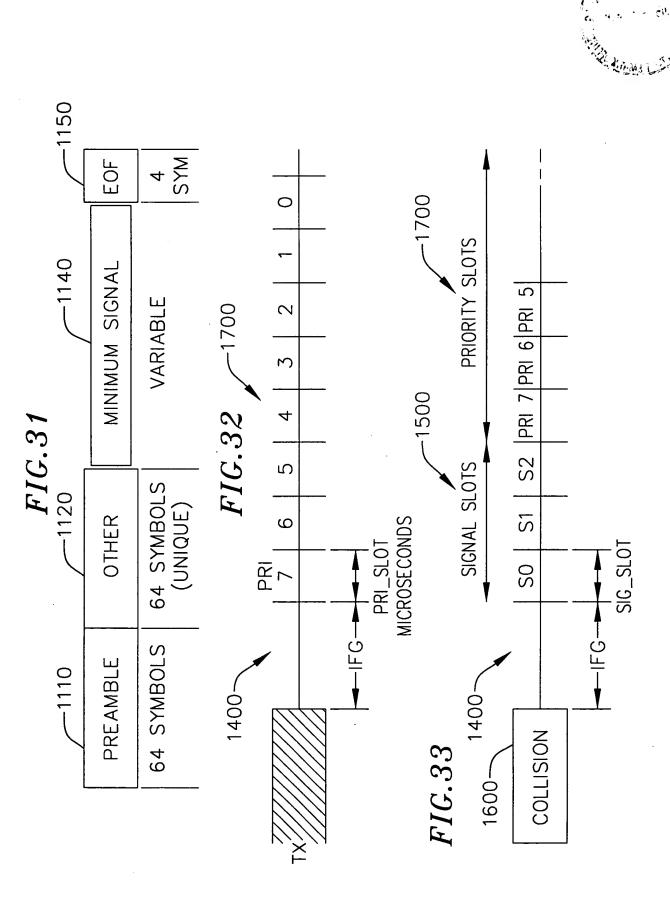
| FREQUENCY RANGE(kHz) | MIN.IMPEDANCE(OHMS) |
|--|---------------------|
| 0 <f<=0.285< td=""><td>1 M</td></f<=0.285<> | 1 M |
| 0.285 <f<=2.85< td=""><td>100 k</td></f<=2.85<> | 100 k |
| 2.85 <f<=28.5< td=""><td>10 k</td></f<=28.5<> | 10 k |
| 28.5 <f<=95< td=""><td>4.0 k</td></f<=95<> | 4.0 k |
| 95 <f<=190< td=""><td>2.0 k</td></f<=190<> | 2.0 k |
| 190 <f<=285< td=""><td>1.4 k</td></f<=285<> | 1.4 k |
| 285 <f<=380< td=""><td>1.0 k</td></f<=380<> | 1.0 k |
| 380 <f<=475< td=""><td>850</td></f<=475<> | 850 |
| 475 <f<=570< td=""><td>700</td></f<=570<> | 700 |
| 570 <f<=665< td=""><td>600</td></f<=665<> | 600 |
| 665 <f<=760< td=""><td>525</td></f<=760<> | 525 |
| 760 <f<=855< td=""><td>450</td></f<=855<> | 450 |
| 855 <f<=950< td=""><td>400</td></f<=950<> | 400 |
| 950 <f<=1000< td=""><td>350</td></f<=1000<> | 350 |
| 1000 <f<=1400< td=""><td>175</td></f<=1400<> | 175 |
| 1400 <f<=2300< td=""><td>100</td></f<=2300<> | 100 |
| 2300 <f<=2850< td=""><td>50</td></f<=2850<> | 50 |
| 2850 <f<=3085< td=""><td>25</td></f<=3085<> | 25 |
| 3085 <f<=3725< td=""><td>10</td></f<=3725<> | 10 |
| 3725 <f<=3935< td=""><td>25</td></f<=3935<> | 25 |
| 3935 <f<=4000< td=""><td>50</td></f<=4000<> | 50 |
| 10000 <f<=10450< td=""><td>40</td></f<=10450<> | 40 |
| 10450 <f<=10925< td=""><td>25</td></f<=10925<> | 25 |
| 10925 <f<=13125< td=""><td>10</td></f<=13125<> | 10 |
| 13125 <f<=14175< td=""><td>25</td></f<=14175<> | 25 |
| 14175 <f<=16800< td=""><td>· 50</td></f<=16800<> | · 50 |
| 16800 <f<=21000< td=""><td>100</td></f<=21000<> | 100 |
| 21000 <f<=30000< td=""><td>50</td></f<=30000<> | 50 |

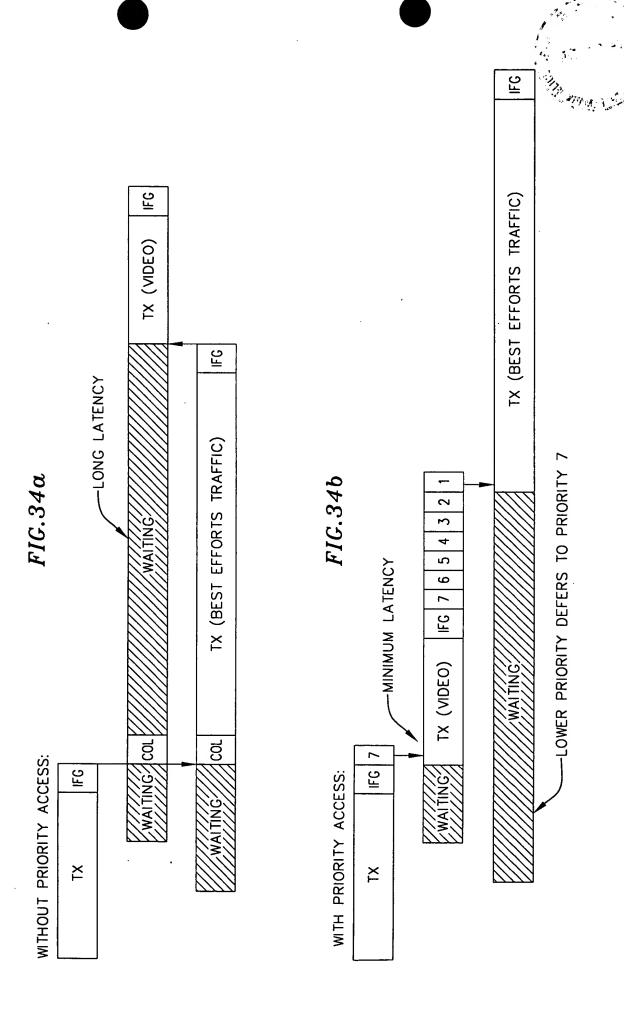


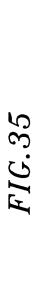
| ISO | IEEE | FUNCTION |
|------|------------------------------------|---|
| DATA | - | LINK LAYER SIGNALING(DRIVER) a) RATE ADAPTATION, QoS AND 1M8 COMPATIBILITY b) LARQ ERROR RECOVERY c) LINK INTEGRITY AND CAPABILITY DISCOVERY |
| | MAC CONTROLLER LAYER | MAC CONTROLLER LAYER FUNCTIONS a) HOST INTERFACE b) CONTROL AND STATUS REGISTERS, INTERRUPTS c) DMA TRANSFERS, DATA BUFFERING AND COMMAND LIST INTERPRETATION d) PERFORMANCE COUNTERS e) MAC ADDRESS FILTERING, WAKE—ON—LAN PROCESSING |
| | M. | OPTIONAL MII INTERFACE (IN PHY-ONLY) |
| | LLC- LOGICAL LINK CONTROL | OPTIONAL LINK LAYER SIGNALING (IN PHY-ONLY) a) RATE ADAPTATION, QoS AND 1M8 COMPATIBILITY b) c) LINK INTEGRITY AND CAPABILITY DISCOVERY |
| | | FRAME PROCESSING (TRANSMIT AND RECEIVE) o) FRAMING (FRAME BOUNDARY DELINEATION AND SYNCHRONIZATION) b) ERROR DETECTION (FCS GENERATION AND CHECK, FRAGMENT DETECTION) |
| | V2 MAC | MEDIA ACCESS CONTROL (MAC) a) CSMA/CD b) COLLISION RESOLUTION (BACKOFF ALGORITHM) |
| ₽H≺ | ЬНΥ | PHYSICAL CODING SUBLAYER a) CODING AND MODULATION, CARRIER SENSE, COLLISION DETECTION |

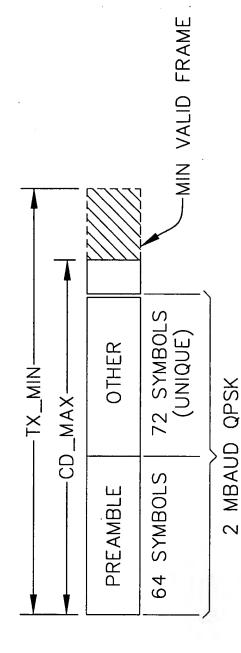












| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Z | ٠, |
|-----------|---------------------|----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| UNITS | mVrms | dВ | MICROSECONDS | MICROSECONDS | OCTETS | OCTETS | MICROSECONDS | MICROSECONDS | MICROSECONDS | | MICROSECONDS | MICROSECONDS | MICROSECONDS | ВР | MICROSECONDS | MICROSECONDS | | MICROSECONDS |
| MAX | 1 | I | 29.0+∇ | 12.0 | | SEE 3.3.7.1 | SEE 3.3.7.1 | 4.0 | 21.0+Δ | | 70.0+∇ | . | 92.0 | 1 | 12.0 | 15.0 | 256 | 32.0+0 |
| Z | 100 | 38 | 29.0−∆ | - | 64 | 1526 | 92.5 | 0 | 21.0-0 | | 70.0−∆ | 32.0 | 1 | 36 | 1 | | 256 | 32.0-∆ |
| PARAMETER | NOMINAL_RMS_VOLTAGE | CS_RANGE | CS_IFG | CS_DEFER | MINFRAMESIZE | MAXFRAMESIZE | TX_FRAME | TX_ON | PRI_SLOT | | CD_FRAG | CD_MIN | CD_THRESHOLD (RECOMMENDED) | CD_RANGE | CD_OFFSET_EARLY | CD_OFFSET_LATE | ATTEMPTLIMIT | SIG_SLOT |
| SECTION | BASIC CSMA | | | | | | | | PRIORITY | ACCLOS | COLLISION | DETECTION | | | | | COLLISION | RESOLUTION |

| EXPLANATION | DESTINATION ADDRESS///SOURCE ADDRESS////////////////////////////////// | 0-RESERVED 1-RATE REQUEST CONTROL FRAME 2-LINK INTEGRITY SHORT FRAME 3-CAPABILITIES ANNOUNCEMENT 4-LARQ 5-VENDOR-SPECIFIC SHORT FORMAT TYPE 6-126 RESERVED 127 RESERVED VALUES 128-255 CORRESPOND TO THE LONG SUBTYPE | NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL OCTETS IN THE CONTROL HEADER, STARTING WITH THE SSVERSION FIELD (OR THE FIRST OCTET FOLLOWING SSLENGTH IF IT IS NOT DEFINED AS SSVERSION) AND ENDING WITH THE SECOND (LAST) OCTET OF THE NEXT ETHERTYPE FIELD. MIN IS 2 AND MAX IS 225 | VERSION NUMBER OF THE CONTROL INFORMATION/ CONTROL INFORMATION/ ETHERTYPE/LENGTH OF NEXT LAYER PROTOCOL, 0 IF NONE. PADDING REQUIRED TO MEET MINIMUM IF DATA<41 OCTETS? FRAME CHECK SEQUENCE/////////////////////////////////// |
|-------------|--|---|---|--|
| LENGTH | 6 OCTETS 6 OCTETS 2 OCTETS | 1 OCTET | 1 OCTET | 1 OCTET // O-252 OCTETS // 41-0 OCTETS // 4 OCTETS |
| FIELD | DA SA ETHERTYPE | SSTYPE | SSLENGTH | SSVERSION DATA NEXT ETHERTYPE PAD FCS |

1. Then first the first the first two first two than the first that first that the first that that the first th

| EXPLANATION DÉŚTINÁTIÓN ÁDÓRÉSS/ SOURCE ADÓRESS/ Ox886c (LINK PROTOCOL FRAME. ASSIGNED TO EPIGRAM BY IEEE) 32768 RESERVED 32769 VENDOR-SPECIFIC LONG-FORMAT 32770-65534 RESERVED 65535 RESERVED | NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL OCTETS IN THE CONTROL HEADER, STARTING WITH THE SSVERSION FIELD (OR THE FIRST OCTET FOLLOWING SSLENGTH IF IT IS NOT DEFINED AS SSVERSION) AND ENDING WITH THE SECOND (LAST) OCTET OF THE NEXT ETHERTYPE FIELD. MIN IS 2 AND MAX IS 65535. | VERSION NUMBER OF THE FOLLOWING PROTOCOL INFORMATION//////////////////////////////////// | FRAME CHECK SEQUENCE/////////////////////////////////// |
|---|--|--|---|
| LENGTH 6 OCTETS 2 OCTETS 2 OCTETS 2 OCTETS | 2 OCTETS | 1 OCTET///LSLENGTH-3 OCTETS/ | S STETS//// S///////// |
| FIELD SA////// ETHERTYPE LSTYPE | LSLENGTH | DATA/// | PAD//////////////////////////////////// |

| FIELD | | MEANING 🔏 🚛 🛒 |
|-------------------|--------------------|---|
| DA | LENGTH 6 OCTETS | MEANING DESTINATION ADDRESS |
| SA | 6 OCTETS | SOURCE ADDRESS |
| | | 0x886c (LINK CONTROL FRAME) |
| SSTYPE | 1 OCTET | =1 |
| SSLENGTH | 1 OCTET | NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL OCTETS IN THE CONTROL HEADER, STARTING WITH THE SSVERSION FIELD AND ENDING WITH THE SECOND(LAST) OCTET OF THE NEXT ETHERYPE FIELD. THE MINIMUM VALUE OF SSLENGTH IS 8 FOR SSVERSION O. |
| SSVERSION | 1 OCTET | =0 |
| OPCODE | 1 OCTET | OPERATION CODE FOR THIS CONTROL MESSAGE. |
| | | NUMBER OF BANDS SPECIFIED IN THIS CONTROL. EACH BAND HAS A TWO OCTET DESCRIPTOR. THE FIRST BAND REFERS TO 2 MBAUD MODULATION RATE, THE NEXT TO 4 MBAUD. NUMBANDS SHALL BE 1 OR 2 ON TRANSMISSION FOR 10M8 STATIONS, AND STATIONS SHALL IGNORE BAND ENTRIES BEYOND BAND2 ON RECEIVE IF NUMBANDS IS LARGER THAN 2. THE VALUE O IS NOT ALLOWED. |
| NUMADDR | 1 OCTET | NUMBER OF ADDRESSES SPECIFIED IN THE PAYLOAD OF THIS CONTROL MESSAGE. NUMADDR MAY BE ZERO. THE SA IN THE ETHERNET HEADER IS ALWAYS USED, AND IS REFERRED TO IN THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS AS REFADDRO. |
| BAND1_PE | 1 OCTET | 2MBAUD, 7 MHz CARRIER: THE PE VALUE THAT SHOULD BE USED TO SEND DATA WHEN THE 2MBAUD BAND IS SELECTED. (18)ARE THE ONLY VALID VALUES. THE VALUE 8 IS USED TO REQUEST HPNA 1.0 TYPE FRAMES, AND IS VALID ONLY WHEN THE NETWORK IS OPERATING IN VIM2MODE, AND ONLY IN BAND 1. |
| BAND1_RANK | 1 OCTET | THE RANK ORDER OF THE REODAS' PREFERENCE FOR THIS BAND, 1 IS HIGHEST PREFERENCE, AND THE OTHER BANDS ARE ASSIGNED SUCCESSIVELY LARGER RANK VALUES, NO TWO BANDS SHALL HAVE THE SAME RANK. |
| BAND2_PE | 1 OCTET | OPTIONAL, ONLY PRESENT IF NUMBANDS>=2. 4MBAUD, 7 MHz CARRIER: IF INCLUDED, THIS FIELD IS THE PE VALUE THAT SHOULD BE USED TO SEND DATA WHEN THE 4MBAUD BAND IS SELECTED, (0,915) ARE THE ONLY VALID VALUES. |
| BAND2_RANK | 1 OCTET | OPTIONAL, ONLY PRESENT IF NUMBANDS>=2. RANK ORDER OF REQDAS' PREFERENCE FOR THIS BAND. |
| | | OPTIONAL. PRESENT IF NUMADDR>=1. THE SECOND MAC ADDRESS FOR WHICH THE RATES ARE BEING SPECIFIED, TYPICALLY BROADCAST OR A MULTICAST ADDRESS. |
| REFADDR2 | 6 OCTETS | OPTIONAL. PRESENT IF NUMADDR>=2. THE THIRD MAC ADDRESS FOR WHICH THE RATES ARE BEING SPECIFIED. |
| | | [ADDITIONAL INSTANCES OF REFADDR, UNTIL THE NUMBER OF REFADDR FIELDS EQUALS NUMADDR] |
| NEXT ETHERTYPE | 2 OCTETS | =0 |
| PAD | | TO REACH MINFRAMESIZE IF REQUIRED |
| FCS | 4 OCTETS | FRAME CHECK SEQUENCE |

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FIG. 40

| PE | DATA RATE | MEANING |
|--------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| 0 | N/A | MEANS THIS BAND IS NOT SUPPORTED |
| 1 | 4 MBIT/S | 2 MBAUD FDQAM, 2 BITS PER BAUD |
| 2 | 6 MBIT/S | 2 MBAUD FDQAM, 3 BITS PER BAUD |
| 3 | 8 MBIT/S | 2 MBAUD FDQAM, 4 BITS PER BAUD |
| 4 | 10 MBIT/S | 2 MBAUD FDQAM, 5 BITS PER BAUD |
| 5 | 12 MBIT/S | 2 MBAUD FDQAM, 6 BITS PER BAUD |
| 9 | 14 MBIT/S | 2 MBAUD FDQAM, 7 BITS PER BAUD |
| 7 | 16 MBIT/S | 2 MBAUD FDQAM, 8 BITS PER BAUD |
| 8 | 1 MBIT/S | HPNA 1.0 |
| 6 | 8 MBIT/S | 4 MBAUD QAM, 2 BITS PER BAUD |
| 10 | 12 MBIT/S | 4 MBAUD QAM, 3 BITS PER BAUD |
| 11 | 16 MBIT/S | 4 MBAUD QAM, 4 BITS PER BAUD |
| 12 | 20 MBIT/S | 4 MBAUD QAM, 5 BITS PER BAUD |
| 13 | 24 MBIT/S | 4 MBAUD QAM, 6 BITS PER BAUD |
| 14 | 28 MBIT/S | 4 MBAUD QAM, 7 BITS PER BAUD |
| 15 | 32 MBIT/S | 4 MBAUD QAM, 8 BITS PER BAUD |

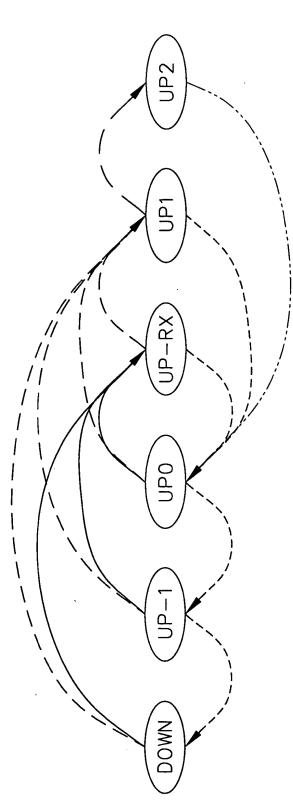
| MEANING | RATE CHANGE REQUEST | RATE TEST REQUEST | RATE TEST REPLY | RESERVED |
|---------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------|
| OPCODE | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3-255 |





| BAND SPECIFICATION | A PAYLOAD ENCODING (PE) AND RANK ASSOCIATED WITH A GIVEN BAND. A BAND IS A SINGLE COMBINATION OF BAUD RATE, MODULATION TYPE (E.G. QAM OR FDQAM) AND CARRIER FREQUENCY. TWO BANDS ARE DEFINED IN HPNAVZ |
|--------------------------------|---|
| LOGICAL CHANNEL, CHANNEL | A FLOW OF FRAMES FROM A SENDER TO ONE OR MORE RECEIVERS ON A SINGLE NETWORK SEGMENT, CONSISTING OF ALL THE FRAMES WITH A SINGLE COMBINATION OF DA AND SA. |
| RECEIVER | A STATION THAT RECEIVES FRAMES SENT ON A PARTICULAR CHANNEL. IF THE DESTINATION IS A UNICAST ADDRESS THERE IS AT MOST ONE RECEIVER. IF THE DESTINATION IS A GROUP ADDRESS (INCLUDING BROADCAST), THERE MAY BE MANY RECEIVERS. |
| RECEIVER PE | THE PREFERRED PE TO BE USED ON THIS CHANNEL, AS DETERMINED BY THE RECEIVER. |
| RRCF | RATE REQUEST CONTROL FRAME. SENT FROM THE RECEIVER TO THE SENDER TO EFFECT A CHANGE IN PE. |
| REFADDRO | THE SA IN THE ETHERNET HEADER OF THE RRCF FRAME. THIS IS THE DA OF THE RECEIVER (FOR THE CHANNEL), AND IS ALWAYS USED BY THE CHANNEL SENDER AS THE FIRST REFADDR PROCESSED. |
| REFADDR1 REFADDR <n></n> | OTHER ADDRESSES INCLUDING BROADCAST AND MULTICAST ADDRESSES FOR WHICH THE RECEIVER IS INDICATING RATE INFORMATION TO THE SENDER. THE CHANNEL RECEIVER'S STATION ADDRESS (REFADDRO) SHOULD NOT BE PUT IN THE LIST OF ADDITIONAL REFADDR'S. |
| | NOTE 1: AT LEAST ONE REFADDR FIELD IS NECESSARY TO SUPPORT RATE NEGOTIATION FOR BROADCAST AND MULTICAST ADDRESSES SINCE THESE CANNOT BE USED AS THE SOURCE ADDRESS IN THE ETHERNET HEADER. |
| SENDER | THE SENDING STATION FOR A CHANNEL, USUALLY THE STATION OWNING THE SOURCE MAC ADDRESS. |
| SENDER PE | THE PREFERRED PE ASSOCIATED WITH A CHANNEL, AS NOTED BY THE SENDER. |

$FIG.43\alpha$



*RECEIVE ANY NON-BROADCAST FRAME OR LINK INDICATION

-- RECEIVE A FRAME WITH DA == BROADCAST (0xffffffffffff) AND SA != SA1

--- TIMEOUT OF 1 SECOND FREE-RUNNING TIMER-SEND LICF, REINITIALIZE FORCE_SEND

..►TIMEOUT-IF FORCE_SEND==0 THEN SEND LICF, REINIT FORCE_SEND ELSE DECREMENT FORCE_SEND

FIG. 43b

| | DOWN | UP-1 | UPO | UP-RX | UP1 | UP2 |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| RECEIVE 1.0 LINK | UP-RX | UP-RX | UP-RX | UP-RX | UP1 | UP2 |
| BROADCAST FRAME | (NONE) | (NONE) | (NONE) | (NONE) | (NONE) | (NONE) |
| RECEIVE BROADCAST | UP1 | UP1 | UP1 | UP1 | UP1 | UP2 |
| FKAME WITH SA=SA | SET SA1<-SA | SET SA1<-SA | SET SA1<-SA | SET SA1<-SA | (NONE) | (NONE) |
| RECEIVE BROADCAST | UP1 | UP1 | UP1 | UP1 | NATIVE: UP2 | UP2 |
| FRAME WITH SA!=SA1 | SET SA1<-SA | SET SA1<-SA | SET SA1<-SA | SET SA1<-SA | COMPAT: UP1 | |
| | | | | | (NONE) | (NONE) |
| TIMEOUT AND | DOWN | NMOQ | UP-1 | UPO | UP0 | UPO |
| FORCE_SEND=0 | SEND LICF, REINIT |
| | FORCE_SEND | FORCE_SEND | FORCE_SEND | FORCE_SEND | FORCE_SEND | FORCE_SEND |
| TIMEOUT AND | DOWN | DOWN | UP-1 | UPO | UPO | UPO |
| FURCE_SEND>U | SEND LICF, REINIT | DECREMENT |
| | FORCE_SEND | FORCE_SEND | FORCE_SEND | FORCE_SEND | FORCE_SEND | FORCE_SEND |



| FIELD | LENGTH | MEANING |
|-------------------|-----------|---|
| DA | 6 OCTETS | DESTINATION ADDRESS (FF.FF.FF.FF.FF) |
| SA | 6 OCTETS | SOURCE ADDRESS |
| ETHERTYPE | 2 OCTETS | 0x886c (LINK CONTROL FRAME) |
| SSTYPE | 1 OCTET | =2 |
| SSLENGTH | 1 OCTET | NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL OCTETS IN THE CONTROL HEADER, STARTING WITH THE SSVERSION FIELD AND ENDING WITH THE SECOND(LAST) OCTET OF THE NEXT ETHERYPE FIELD. MINIMUM IS 4 FOR SSVERSION 0. |
| SSVERSION | 1 OCTET | =0 |
| LI_PAD | 1 OCTET | IGNORED ON RECEPTION. |
| NEXT ETHERTYPE | 2 OCTETS | =0 |
| PAD | 41 OCTETS | ANY VALUE OCTET |
| FCS | 4 OCTETS | |



| FIELD | LENGTH | MEANING |
|----------------------|----------|--|
| DA | 6 OCTETS | DESTINATION ADDRESS(FF.FF.FF.FF.FF) |
| SA | 6 OCTETS | SOURCE ADDRESS OF THE STATION THAT TRANSMITTED THIS FRAME |
| ETHERTYPE | 2 OCTETS | 0x886c (LINK CONTROL FRAME) |
| SSTYPE | 1 OCTET | =3 |
| SSLENGTH | 1 OCTET | NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL OCTETS IN THE CONTROL HEADER, STARTING WITH THE SSVERSION FIELD AND ENDING WITH THE SECOND(LAST) OCTET OF THE NEXT ETHERYPE FIELD. MINIMUM IS 32 FOR SSVERSION 0. |
| SSVERSION | 1 OCTET | =0 |
| CSA_ID_SPACE | 1 OCTET | IDENTIFIES THE REGISTRATION SPACE OF CSA_MFR_ID 0-UNSPECIFIED 1-JEDEC 2-PCI |
| CSA_MFR_ID | 2 OCTETS | HW MANUFACTURER ID-IDENTIFIES THE MANUFACTURER OF THE PHY CONTROLLER CHIP. THE PURPOSE OF THIS FIELD PLUS THE PART NUMBER AND REVISION IS TO IDENTIFY SPECIFIC IMPLEMENTATIONS OF THE PHY SPECIFICATION. THIS IS NOT A BOARD OR ASSEMBLY-LEVEL IDENTIFIER. |
| CSA_PART_NO | 2 OCTETS | HW MANUFACTURER PART NUMBER-THE PART NUMBER OF THE PHY CONTROLLER CHIP. |
| CSA_REV | 1 OCTET | HW REVISION |
| CSA_OPCODE | 1 OCTET | 0-ANNOUNCE 1-REQUEST |
| CSA_MTU | 2 OCTETS | MAXIMUM SIZE LINK-LEVEL PDU THIS RECEIVER ACCEPTS IN OCTETS, THE DEFAULT VALUE IS 1526 OCTETS. THIS IS ALSO THE MINIMUM VALUE THAT SHALL BE ACCEPTED BY ALL ILINE10 STATIONS. |
| CSA_SA | 6 OCTETS | SOURCE ADDRESS OF THE STATION THAT GENERATED THIS CSA FRAME |
| CSA_PAD | 2 OCTETS | RESERVED FOR VERSION O. SHALL BE SENT AS O, IGNORED ON RECEPTION. |
| CSA_ CURRENTTXSET | 4 OCTETS | CONFIGURATION FLAGS, PLUS ALL CURRENT IN-USE STATUS FOR THIS STATION. |
| CSA_ OLDESTTXSET | 4 OCTETS | A COPY OF THE "OLDEST" TX FLAGS FOR THIS STATIONS, FROM THE PERIOD ENDING AT LEAST ONE PERIOD (MINUTE) EARLIER. |
| CSA_ CURRENTRXSET | 4 OCTETS | THE UNION OF RECENT FLAGS RECEIVED FROM OTHER STATIONS. |
| NEXT ETHERTYPE | 2 OCTETS | =0 |
| PAD | _ | PAD TO REACH MINFRAMESIZE IF NECESSARY |
| FCS | 4 OCTETS | |

| Octet | Field | Length | Description |
|---------|-----------------|--------|--|
| Flags0 | TxPriority7 | 1 | Station is(was) transmitting frames with LL priority 7. (always set) |
| 0 | TxPriority6 | I | Station is(was) transmitting frames with LL priority 6. |
| | TxPriority5 | 1 | Station is(was) transmitting frames with LL priority 5. |
| | TxPriority4 | 1 | Station is(was) transmitting frames with LL priority 4. |
| , | TxPriority3 | 1 | Station is(was) transmitting frames with LL priority 3. |
| | TxPriority2 | 1 | Station is(was) transmitting frames with LL priority 2. |
| | TxPriority1 | 1 | Station is(was) transmitting frames with LL priority 1. |
| | TxPriority0 | 1 | Station is(was) transmitting frames with LL priority 0. (always set) |
| Flags 1 | Reserved | 9 | Shall be sent as 0 and ignored by 2.0 stations when received. |
| 0 | No_VIM2_Frames | | This station does not support the reception or transmission of |
| · | i | | compatibility frames (VIM2 frames). |
| | Supports 4Mbaud | 1 | This station supports 4 megabaud payload encodings. |
| Flage? | Reserved | 8 | Shall be sent as 0 and ignored by 2.0 stations when received. |
| Flages | ConfigV2 | 1 | Force use of 10M8 mode, defers to Config1 and ConfigV1M2. |
| 7.697 | ConfigV1M2 | 1 | Force use of V1M2 mixed mode, defers to ConfigV1. |
| | ConfigVI | 1 | Force use of HPNA 1.x mode, highest precedence of config flags. |
| | Reserved | 2 | Shall be sent as 0 and ignored by 2.0 stations when received. |
| | Highest Version | 3 | This station's highest supported HPNA version: |
| | | | 0x000 - Reserved |
| | | | 0x001 - HPNA1.0 |
| | | | 0x010 - iLine10 |
| | | | 0x011-0x111 Reserved |
| | | | |



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| DeleteSet | A computed value used to detect newly removed status information. |
|------------------|---|
| NewRxFlags, | Computed values used to detect new status flags. |
| ReallyNewRxFlags | |



Fig. 48

| NewTxSet | The set of flags announced during the current CS period, updated immediately when a new link layer priority is used or new volatile status is set. When the CSP_Timer expires, CurrentTxSet is given the value of NewTxSet, and NewTxSet is reset to the default set. |
|---------------|---|
| PreviousTxSet | The set of flags that were announced during the previous CS period (the ending value of NewTxSet from the previous CS period). |
| OldestTxSet | The set of flags rolled over from PreviousTxSet at the end of the previous CS period (the value of PreviousTxSet from the previous CS period). Flags that are present in OldestTxSet and missing from PreviousTxSet were not actively used or detected (by the sender) for an entire CS period, and will be deleted. This set is sent in CSA frames as CSA_OldestTxSet. |
| NewRxSet | The union of all CSA_CurrentTxSet flags received in CSAs from other stations during the current CS period. This is rolled over into PreviousRxSet at the expiration of the CSP_Timer, then reset to the empty set (0). |
| · | A volatile status flag (one of the priority flags) in this set may subsequently be deleted if the only station previously announcing that flag stops using it. The deletion from that station's CurrentTxSet is noted by the difference from its OldestTxSet. The fact that it was the only sender is noted by the absence of the flag in that station's CurrentRxSet, indicating that it has received the flag from no other stations. |
| | If deleted from NewRxSet, a flag shall also be deleted from PreviousRxSet. |
| PreviousRxSet | The set of announced flags received during the previous CS period (the ending value of NewRxSet from the previous CS period). A flag may be deleted from this set, as described under NewRxSet above. |



| CurrentTxSet | The set of flags that were announced during the previous CS period plus any new status and priority flags (or changed configuration/options flags) used during the current CS period, i.e. the union of PreviousTxSet and NewTxSet. This set is sent in CSA frames as CSA_CurrentTxSet. |
|-----------------|---|
| CurrentRxSet | The union of NewRxSet, PreviousRxSet. This set is sent in CSA frames as CSA_CurrentRxSet. |
| CurrentInUseSet | The union of CurrentTxSet and CurrentRxSet. This set is used to determine the operational mode of the station and to modify the mapping between the LL priority of the frame and the actual PHY priority usage. |

Fig. 50



| | | | LIC | $FIG.51\alpha$ | 1α | | | - | | × | LL PRIORITY | RIO | RITY | | |
|----------|----|------|----------|----------------|-------|------|----------|----|------|---------------------------|-------------|-----|------|-------|----|
| | | | | | | | | 0 | _ | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 7 |
| CURRENTI | EN | TINU | NUSE F | PRIORITIES | RITIE | S (A | NY) | DE | FAUI | DEFAULT TX PHY PRIORITIES | × | Σ | PRIC |)RITI | ES |
| ∠ < | Z | > | — | X L A | SE | Ш | <u> </u> | 2 | 0 | - | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 9 |

DIC C11

| | 7 | 77. | F16.510 | 10 | | | | | TX LL PRIORITY | L - | RIOF | \ \ \ \ | | |
|-----------|-----|-----|---------|----------------------|------|----|-------|-----|----------------|--------|------|------------------|----------------------------|---|
| | | | | | 1 | | 0 | _ | 2 | | 3 4 | 5 | 9 | 7 |
| CURRENTIN | JIN | JSE | PRIC | IUSE PRIORITIES (LL) | 1) S | () | RE | MAP | PED | × | PHY | PRIC | REMAPPED TX PHY PRIORITIES | S |
| | | | | | | 7 | 9 | 15, | 15/ | 191 | 19/ | 191 | 191 | 7 |
| | | | | | 9 | 7 | 5 | 41 | 4 | 12/ | (2/ | (2) | 2 | 9 |
| | | | 4 | | | 7 | 5 | 4 | 4/ | (2) | 9 | 19/ | 1/2 | 7 |
| | | 3 | | 5 | 9 | 7 | ي | 12/ | 121 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 9 |





$FIG.52\alpha$

| FIELD | LENGTH | MEANING |
|-------------------|-----------|--|
| DA | 6 OCTETS | DESTINATION ADDRESS |
| SA | 6 OCTETS | SOURCE ADDRESS |
| ETHERTYPE | 2 OCTETS | 0x886c (LINK CONTROL FRAME) |
| SSTYPE | 1 OCTET | =4 |
| SSLENGTH | 1 OCTET | NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL OCTETS IN THE CONTROL HEADER, STARTING WITH THE SSVERSION FIELD AND ENDING WITH THE SECOND(LAST) OCTET OF THE NEXT ETHERYPE FIELD. SSLENGTH IS 6 FOR SSVERSION 0. |
| SSVERSION | 1 OCTET | =0 |
| LARQ_HDR DATA | 3 OCTETS | LARQ CONTROL HEADER DATA WITH LARQ_CTL BIT=1,LARQ_NACK=0. |
| NEXT ETHERTYPE | 2 OCTETS | =0 |
| PAD | 38 OCTETS | |
| FCS | 4 OCTETS | FRAME CHECK SEQUENCE |

FIG.52b

| 5.5.5 | . = | |
|-------------------|-----------|--|
| FIELD | LENGTH | MEANING |
| DA | 6 OCTETS | DESTINATION ADDRESS |
| SA | 6 OCTETS | SOURCE ADDRESS |
| ETHERTYPE | 2, OCTETS | 0x886c (LINK CONTROL FRAME) |
| SSTYPE | 1 OCTET | =4 |
| SSLENGTH | 1 OCTET | NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL OCTETS IN THE CONTROL HEADER, STARTING WITH THE SSVERSION FIELD AND ENDING WITH THE SECOND(LAST) OCTET OF THE NEXT ETHERYPE FIELD. SSLENGTH IS 12 FOR NACK FRAMES WITH SSVERSION O. |
| SSVERSION | 1 OCTET | =0 |
| LARQ_HDR DATE | 3 OCTETS | LARQ CONTROL HEADER DATA WITH LARQ_CTL BIT=1,LARQ_NACK=17. |
| NACK_DA | 6 OCTETS | ORIGINAL DESTINATION ADDRESS |
| NEXT ETHERTYPE | 2 OCTETS | =0 |
| PAD | 32 OCTETS | |
| FCS | 4 OCTETS | FRAME CHECK SEQUENCE |



FIG.52c

| 5151.5 | LEMOTH | |
|-------------------|---------------|--|
| FIELD | LENGTH | MEANING |
| DA | 6 OCTETS | DESTINATION ADDRESS (FROM ORIGINAL ETHERNET PDU) |
| SA | 6 OCTETS | SOURCE ADDRESS (FROM ORIGINAL ETHERNET PDU) |
| ETHERTYPE | 2 OCTETS | 0x886c (LINK CONTROL FRAME) |
| SSTYPE | 1 OCTET | =4 |
| SSLENGTH | 1 OCTET | NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL OCTETS IN THE CONTROL HEADER, STARTING WITH THE SSVERSION FIELD AND ENDING WITH THE SECOND(LAST) OCTET OF THE NEXT ETHERYPE FIELD. SSLENGTH IS 6 FOR SSVERSION 0.=6 |
| SSVERSION | 1 OCTET | =0 |
| LARQ_HDR DATA | 3 OCTETS | LARQ ENCAPSULATION HEADER DATA (WITH LARQ_CTL BIT=0) |
| NEXT ETHERTYPE | 2 OCTETS | FROM ORIGINAL ETHERNET PDU |
| PAYLOAD | MIN 46 OCTETS | FROM ORIGINAL ETHERNET PDU PAYLOAD |
| FCS | 4 OCTETS | FRAME CHECK SEQUENCE |

FIG.52d

| OCTET | FIELD | LENGTH | MEANING |
|-------------|---------------|--------|---|
| FLAGS0 | LARQ_MULT | 1 BIT | MULTIPLE RETRANSMISSION FLAG. O IN THE ORIGINAL TRANSMISSION OF A DATA FRAME. FOR RETRANSMITTED FRAMES (LARQ_RTX=1), SET TO THE VALUE OF LARQ_MULT IN THE NACK FRAME THAT CAUSED THE RETRANSMISSION. THIS CAN BE USED BY RECEIVERS TO MEASURE THE ROUND-TRIP TIMES ASSOCIATED WITH THE MISS/NACK/RECEIVE-RTX PROCESS. |
| | LARQ_RTX | 1 BIT | O FOR FIRST TRANSMISSION OF A FRAME, 1 IF FRAME IS RETRANSMITTED. STATIONS NOT IMPLEMENTING LARQ SHALL DROP ANY DATA FRAME IF THIS BIT IS 1. |
| | LARQ_NORTX | 1 BIT | O IF IMPLEMENTATION SUPPORTS RETRANSMISSION, 1 IF ONLY PRIORITY IS MEANINGFUL. MAY BE USED ON A PERCHANNEL BASIS. |
| | LARQ_NEWSEQ | 1 BIT | 1 IF THE SEQUENCE NUMBER SPACE FOR THE CHANNEL HAS BEEN RESET, AND OLDER SEQUENCE NUMBERS SHOULD NOT BE NACKED, O OTHERWISE. |
| | LARQ_CTL | 1 BIT | "O" WHEN IN ENCAPSULATION FORMAT |
| | PRIORITY | 3 BITS | LINK LAYER PRIORITY OF THIS FRAME |
| FLAGS1_SEQ0 | RESERVED | 4 BITS | RESERVED, SHALL BE 0 |
| | LARQ_SEQ_HIGH | 4 BITS | HIGH 4 BITS OF SEQUENCE NUMBER |
| SEQ1 | LARQ_SEQ_LOW | 8 BITS | LOW 8 BITS OF SEQUENCE NUMBER |



FIG.52e

| OCTET | FIELD | LENGTH | MEANING |
|-------------|---------------|--------|---|
| FLAGS0 | LARQ_MULT | 1 BIT | MULTIPLE RETRANSMISSION FLAG. 0 IN THE FIRST NACK SENT FOR A GIVEN SEQUENCE NUMBER, 1 IN ALL RETRANSMITTED NACKS. |
| | LARQ_NACK | 3 BITS | NACK COUNT IF 0 IN A LARQ CONTROL FRAME, THEN THIS IS A REMINDER. |
| | LARQ_CTL | 1 BIT | SET TO 1 FOR LARQ CONTROL HEADER DATA FORMAT |
| | PRIORITY | 3 BITS | LINK LAYER PRIORITY OF THIS FRAME |
| FLAGS1_SEQ0 | RESERVED | 4 BITS | RESERVED, SHALL BE 0 |
| | LARQ_SEQ_HIGH | 4 BITS | HIGH 4 BITS OF SEQUENCE NUMBER |
| SEQ1 | LARQ_SEQ_LOW | 8 BITS | LOW 8 BITS OF SEQUENCE NUMBER |



FIG.52f.1

| CONTROL FRAME | A FRAME GENERATED BY A LARQ PROTOCOL MODULE THAT CONTAINS ONLY A LARQ PROTOCOL HEADER AS ITS PAYLOAD. |
|-----------------------------|--|
| CURRENT SEQUENCE NUMBER | THE MOST RECENTLY RECEIVED NEW SEQUENCE NUMBER FOR A CHANNEL. |
| DATA FRAME | ANY STANDARD ETHERNET FRAME FROM HIGHER (THAN LARQ) PROTOCOL LAYERS. A LARQ-ENABLED STATION ENCAPSULATES THE ORIGINAL PAYLOAD OF AN ETHERNET FRAME BY INSERTING A LARQ HEADER (SHORTER FORM CONTROL HEADER WITH LARQ_HDR DATA) BETWEEN THE SOURCE ADDRESS AND THE REMAINDER OF THE FRAME BEFORE THE FRAME IS PASSED DOWN TO THE DRIVER FOR TRANSMISSION ON THE NETWORK. |
| FORGET TIMER | AN IMPLEMENTATION DEPENDENT MECHANISM TO ALLOW A RECEIVER TO RESET THE SEQUENCE NUMBER SPACE OF A CHANNEL WHEN A RECEIVED SEQUENCE NUMBER IS NOT THE NEXT EXPECTED (CURRENT SEQUENCE NUMBER+1). ONE SECOND IS A SUGGESTED DEFAULT VALUE. |
| HOLD TIMER, LOST TIMER | AN IMPLEMENTATION DEPENDENT TIMING MECHANISM THAT LIMITS THE TIME A RECEIVER WILL HOLD ONTO A RECEIVED FRAME WHILE WAITING FOR A MISSING FRAME TO BE RETRANSMITTED. CONCEPTUALLY, THERE IS ONE SUCH TIMER PER MISSING SEQUENCE NUMBER. THE TIMER INTERVAL IS MAXIMUM HOLD INTERVAL. |
| LOGICAL CHANNEL, CHANNEL | A FLOW OF FRAMES FROM A SENDER TO ONE OR MORE RECEIVERS ON A SINGLE NETWORK SEGMENT CONSISTING OF ALL THE FRAMES WITH A SINGLE COMBINATION OF DESTINATION ADDRESS, SOURCE ADDRESS, AND LINK LAYER PRIORITY. |
| NACK, NACK, NACK | AN INDICATION FROM A RECEIVER TO A SENDER REQUESTING RETRANSMISSION OF ONE OR MORE FRAMES. ALSO, THE ACTION OF PROVIDING SUCH AN INDICATION. E.G. "TO NACK A SEQUENCE NUMBER" MEANING TO SEND A NACK INDICATION. |
| NACK TIMER | AN IMPLEMENTATION DEPENDENT TIMING MECHANISM USED BY A RECEIVER TO RETRANSMIT NACKS FOR MISSING SEQUENCE NUMBERS. CONCEPTUALLY, THERE IS ONE SUCH TIMER PER MISSING SEQUENCE NUMBER PER LOGICAL CHANNEL. THE TIMER IS RESET EACH TIME A NACK IS SENT FOR A SEQUENCE NUMBER. THE TIMER INTERVAL IS NACK RETRANSMISSION INTERVAL. |
| NEW | A NEW SEQUENCE NUMBER IS ONE WHOSE DIFFERENCE FROM THE CURRENT SEQUENCE NUMBER FOR THE CHANNEL, MODULO THE SIZE OF THE SEQUENCE NUMBER SPACE AND CONSIDERED AS A SIGNED INTEGER, IS GREATER THAN O. IN PARTICULAR, THE NUMBERS (CURRENT+1) THROUGH (CURRENT+2047). |
| OLD | AN OLD SEQUENCE NUMBER IS ONE WHOSE DIFFERENCE FROM THE CURRENT SEQUENCE NUMBER FOR THE CHANNEL, MODULO THE SIZE OF THE SEQUENCE NUMBER SPACE AND CONSIDERED AS A SIGNED INTEGER, IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 0. IN PARTICULAR, THE NUMBERS (CURRENT-2048) THROUGH (CURRENT) ARE OLD. NOTE, HOWEVER, THAT MOST OF THE OLD SEQUENCE NUMBERS ARE ALSO OUT-OF-SEQUENCE. |



FIG.52f.2

| OUT OF SEQUENCE | ANY SEQUENCE NUMBER THAT FALLS OUTSIDE A REASONABLE RANGE, OLD OR NEW, OF THE CURRENT SEQUENCE NUMBER FOR A LOGICAL CHANNEL IS CONSIDERED OUT OF SEQUENCE. IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT PLUS OR MINUS TWICE THE VALUE OF MAXIMUMSAVELIMIT (DEFINED BELOW) BE USED AS THE "REASONABLE RANGE" WHEN CHECKING FOR OUT OF SEQUENCE. |
|---------------------|--|
| RECEIVER | A STATION THAT RECEIVES FRAMES SENT ON A PARTICULAR CHANNEL. IF THE DESTINATION ADDRESS IS A UNICAST ADDRESS THERE IS AT MOST ONE RECEIVER. IF THE DESTINATION ADDRESS IS A GROUP ADDRESS (INCLUDING BROADCAST), THEN THERE MAY BE MANY RECEIVERS. |
| REMINDER | A CONTROL FRAME SENT BY THE CHANNEL SENDER WITH THE MOST RECENTLY USED SEQUENCE NUMBER FOR A CHANNEL WHICH HAS BEEN INACTIVE FOR REMINDER INTERVAL AFTER ITS MOST RECENT DATA FRAME. |
| REMINDER TIMER | AN IMPLEMENTATION DEPENDENT TIMING MECHANISM USED BY A SENDER TO GENERATE A REMINDER FRAME AFTER A PERIOD OF INACTIVITY FOR A CHANNEL. THE TIMER IS RESET EACH TIME A NEW DATA FRAME IS TRANSMITTED. CONCEPTUALLY, THERE IS ONE SUCH TIMER PER CHANNEL. THE TIMER INTERVAL IS REMINDER INTERVAL. |
| SAVE TIMER | AN IMPLEMENTATION DEPENDENT TIMING MECHANISM THAT LIMITS THE TIME A SENDER WILL SAVE A FRAME WAITING FOR RETRANSMISSION REQUESTS. THE TIMER INTERVAL IS MAXIMUM SAVE INTERVAL. |
| SENDER | THE SENDING STATION FOR A CHANNEL, USUALLY THE STATION OWNING THE SOURCE MAC ADDRESS. |
| SEQUENCE NUMBERS | SEQUENCE NUMBERS ARE MAINTAINED SEPARATELY FOR EACH LOGICAL CHANNEL BY THE SENDER. |



| SEND SEQUENCE NUMBER | THE SEQUENCE NUMBER OF THE MOST RECENTLY TRANSMITTED DATA FRAME. |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| REMINDER TIMER INTERVAL | A FIXED INTERVAL. THE DEFAULT IS 50 MS. LOWER VALUES WILL INCREASE THE OVERHEAD OF REMINDERS ON NETWORK LOAD, WHILE HIGHER VALUES INCREASE THE LATENCY FOR END-OF-SEQUENCE FRAMES REQUIRING RETRANSMISSION. IMPLEMENTATIONS SHOULD NOT USE VALUES OUTSIDE OF THE RANGE 25-75 MS, BASED ON 150 MS MAXIMUM SAVE AND HOLD TIMES. |
| MINIMUM RETRANSMISSION INTERVAL | AN INTERVAL USED TO PREVENT TOO-FREQUENT RETRANSMISSIONS OF A SINGLE FRAME. MOST IMPORTANT FOR MULTICAST CHANNELS. THE DEFAULT IS 10 MS. |
| MAXIMUM SAVE LIMIT | THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF FRAMES THAT WILL BE SAVED FOR A SINGLE LOGICAL CHANNEL. THIS IMPLEMENTATION DEPENDENT, AND VARIES WITH THE MAXIMUM FRAME RATE THE SENDER IS EXPECTED TO SUPPORT. VALUES OF 100 OR MORE CAN BE USEFUL FOR HIGH-SPEED APPLICATIONS SUCH AS VIDEO. |
| MAXIMUM SAVE INTERVAL | THE MAXIMUM TIME THAT THE SENDER WILL NORMALLY SAVE A FRAME FOR POSSIBLE RETRANSMISSION. THE DEFAULT IS 150 MS. |

| CURRENT SEQUENCE NUMBER | THE MOST RECENT SEQUENCE NUMBER RECEIVED IN A LARQ HEADER FOR THE CHANNEL, WHETHER IN A DATA FRAME OR A REMINDER CONTROL FRAME. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| OLDEST MISSING SEQUENCE NUMBER | THE OLDEST SEQUENCE NUMBER FOR A FRAME NOT YET RECEIVED WHICH HAS NOT BEEN DECLARED LOST. |
| MAXIMUM HOLD INTERVAL | THE LONGEST INTERVAL THAT A FRAME WILL BE HELD AWAITING AN EARLIER MISSING FRAME. THE DEFAULT IS TO USE THE SAME VALUE AS MAXIMUM SAVE INTERVAL, WHICH HAS A DEFAULT OF 150 MS. |
| MAXIMUM RECEIVE LIMIT | THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF FRAMES THAT A RECEIVER WILL BUFFER WHILE AWAITING AN EARLIER MISSING FRAME. THE DEFAULT SHOULD NORMALLY BE THE SAME AS THE MAXIMUM SAVE LIMIT. |
| NACK RETRANSMISSION INTERVAL | THE INTERVAL AFTER WHICH A RECEIVER WILL RETRANSMIT A NACK CONTROL FRAME FOR A MISSING SEQUENCE NUMBER, WITH THE EXPECTATION THAT EARLIER NACK CONTROL FRAMES OR DATA FRAME RETRANSMISSIONS WERE LOST. THE DEFAULT FOR FIXED IMPLEMENTATIONS IS 20 MS. |



$FIG.55\alpha$

| FIELD | LENGTH | MEANING |
|-------------------|--------------|--|
| DA | 6 OCTETS | DESTINATION ADDRESS |
| SA | 6 OCTETS | SOURCE ADDRESS |
| ETHERTYPE | 2 OCTETS | 0x886c (LINK CONTROL FRAME) |
| SSTYPE | 1 OCTET | =5 |
| SSLENGTH | 1 OCTET | NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL OCTETS IN THE CONTROL HEADER, STARTING WITH THE SSVERSION FIELD AND ENDING WITH THE SECOND(LAST) OCTET OF THE NEXT ETHERYPE FIELD. SSLENGTH SHALL BE>= 6 FOR SSVERSION O. |
| SSVERSION | 1 OCTET | =0 |
| VENDOR OUI | 3 OCTETS | AN IEEE ASSIGNED ORGANIZATIONALLY UNIQUE IDENTIFIER |
| CONTROL DATA | 0-249 OCTETS | VENDOR SPECIFIC CONTROL DATA |
| NEXT ETHERTYPE | 2 OCTETS | = NEXT ETHERTYPE IF AN ENCAPSULATION FORMAT, OR 0 IF NO ENCAPSULATED FRAME |
| PAD | 0-38 OCTETS | ANY VALUE OCTET |
| FCS | 4 OCTETS | |

FIG.55b

| FIELD | LENGTH | MEANING |
|-------------------|----------------|---|
| DA | 6 OCTETS | DESTINATION ADDRESS |
| SA | 6 OCTETS | SOURCE ADDRESS |
| ETHERTYPE | 2 OCTETS | 0x886c (LINK CONTROL FRAME) |
| LSTYPE | 2 OCTETS | =32769 |
| LSLENGTH | 2 OCTETS | NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL OCTETS STARTING WITH THE LSVERSION FIELD AND ENDING WITH THE SECOND(LAST) OCTET OF THE NEXT ETHERYPE FIELD. LSLENGTH SHALL BE>6 FOR LSVERSION 0. |
| LSVERSION | 1 OCTET | =0 |
| VENDOR OUI | 3 OCTETS | AN IEEE ASSIGNED ORGANIZATIONALLY UNIQUE IDENTIFIER |
| CONTROL DATA | 1-65531 OCTETS | VENDOR SPECIFIC DATA |
| NEXT ETHERTYPE | 2 OCTETS | = NEXT ETHERTYPE IF AN ENCAPSULATION FORMAT, OR O IF NO ENCAPSULATED FRAME |
| PAD | 40-0 OCTETS | IF NEEDED TO MAKE MINIMUM SIZE FRAME. SHOULD BE ZERO. |
| FCS | 4 OCTETS | |

| CARRIER SENSE STATE | OUTPUT EVENTS |
|---------------------|--|
| LINIT | ENERGY<=0. ONLY START-OF-PREAMBLE EVENTS CHECKED. |
| IDLE | ONLY START-OF-PREAMBLE EVENTS CHECKED. |
| BUSY | ONLY END-OF-PREAMBLE EVENTS CHECKED. |
| TRANSMIT | ONLY START-OF-PREAMBLE EVENTS CHECKED(COLLISION DETECTION) |

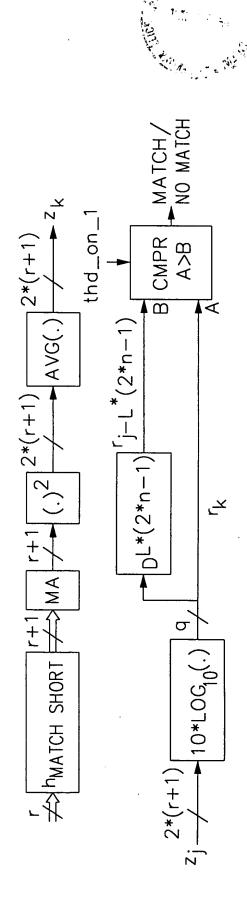
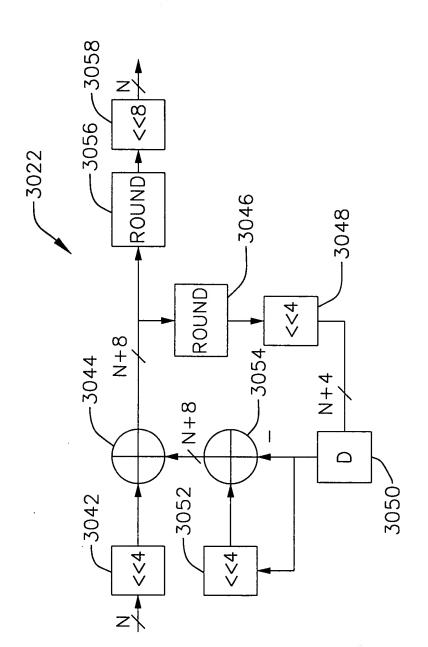
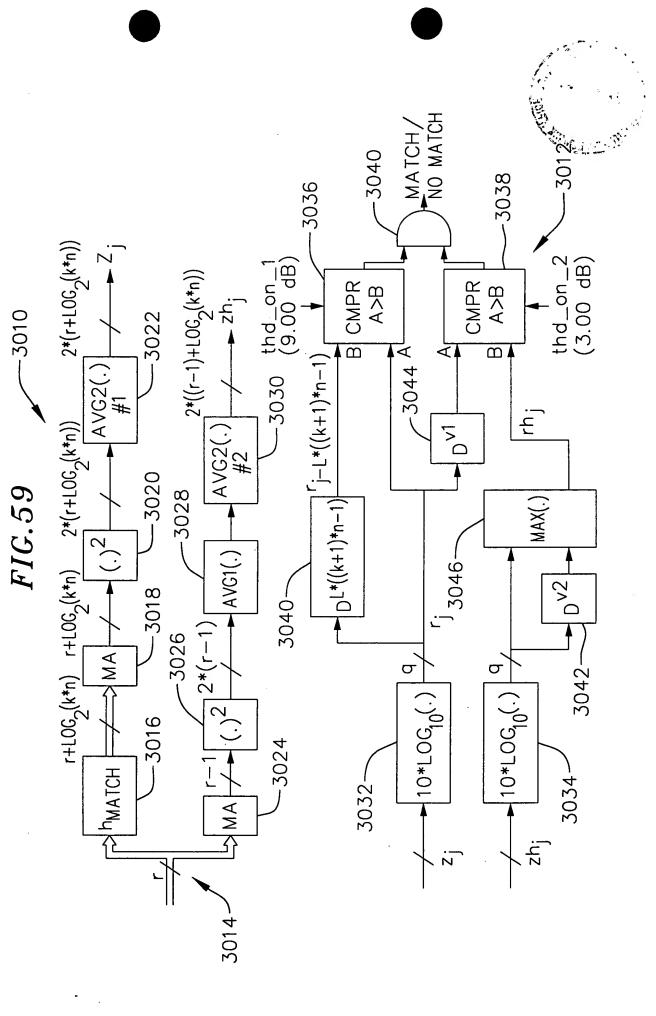


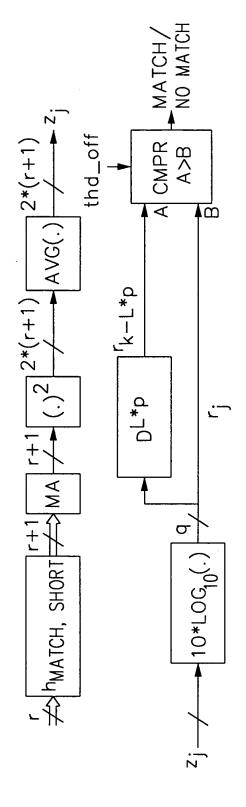
FIG.58

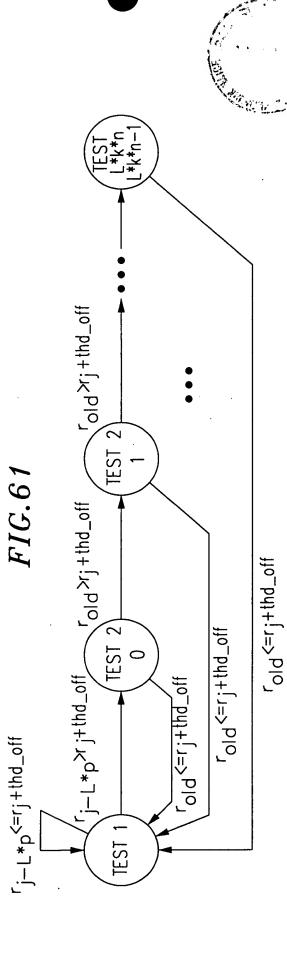


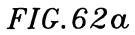












| TABLE INDEX | TABLE VALUE (dB) 0.00 3.00 6.00 9.00 12.00 |
|--|--|
| | (dB) |
| 0 | 0.00 |
| 1 | 3.00 |
| 2 | 6.00 |
| 3 | 9.00 |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 | 12.00 |
| 5 | 15.00 18.00 21.00 24.00 27.00 30.00 33.00 36.00 39.25 42.25 45.25 48.25 51.25 54.25 57.25 60.25 63.25 66.25 |
| 6 | 18.00 |
| 7 | 21.00 |
| 8 | -24.00 |
| 9 | 27.00 |
| 10 | 30.00 |
| 11 | 33.00 |
| 12 | 36.00 |
| 13 | 39.25 |
| 14 | 42.25 |
| 15 | 45.25 |
| 16 | 48.25 |
| 17 | 51.25 |
| 18 | 54.25 |
| 19 | 57.25 |
| 20 | 60.25 |
| 21 | 63.25 |
| 22 | 66.25 |
| 23 | 69.25 72.25 |
| 24 | 72.25 |
| 25 | 75.25 |
| 26 | 78.25 |
| 27 | 81.25 |
| 28 | 84.25 |
| 29 | 87.25 |
| 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 | 90.25 |
| 31 | 75.25 75.25 78.25 81.25 84.25 87.25 90.25 93.25 |





FIG. 62b

| TABLE INDEX | TABLE VALUE |
|--|---|
| | (dB) |
| 0 | 0.00 |
| 1 | 0.25 |
| 2 | 0.25 |
| 3 | 0.50 |
| 4 | 0.50 |
| 5 | 0.75 |
| 6 | 0.75 |
| 7 | 0.75 |
| 8 | 1.00 |
| 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 | (dB) 0.00 0.25 0.25 0.50 0.50 0.75 0.75 0.75 1.00 1.00 1.25 1.50 1.50 1.75 1.75 1.75 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.50 |
| 10 | 1.25 |
| 11 | 1.25 |
| • 12 | 1.50 |
| 13 | 1.50 |
| 14 | 1.50 |
| 15 | 1.75 |
| 16 | 1.75 |
| 17 | 1.75 |
| 18 | 2.00 |
| 19 | 2.00 |
| 20 | 2.00 |
| 21 | 2.25 |
| 22 | 2.25 |
| 23 | 2.25 |
| 24 | 2.50 |
| 25 | 2.50 |
| - 26 | 2.50 |
| 27 | 2.75 |
| 28 | 2.75 |
| 29 | 2.75 |
| 30 | 2.75 |
| 31 | 2.50 2.50 2.75 2.75 2.75 2.75 3.00 |



FIG. 63a

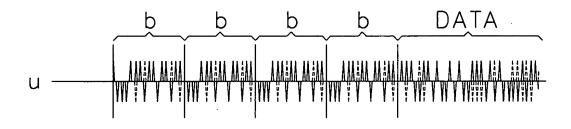
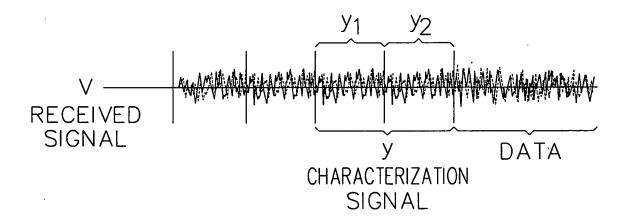


FIG.63b



FIG.63c



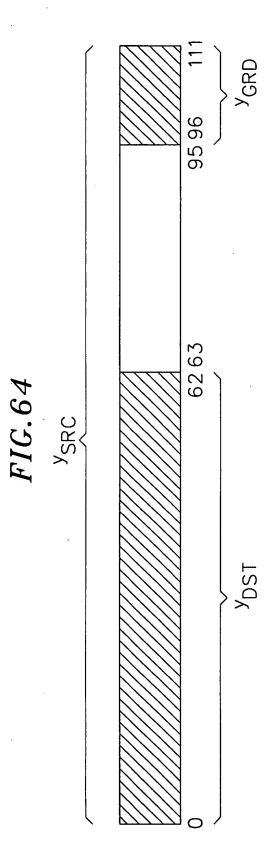
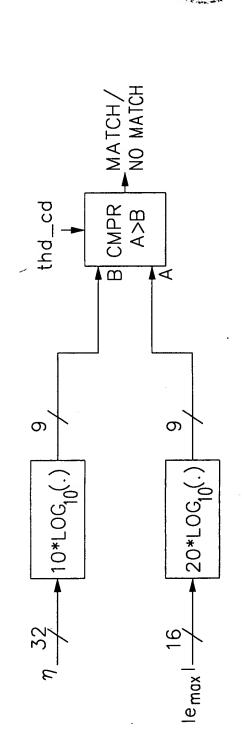
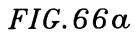


FIG.65





| E. S. E. W. S. E. | TADLE VALUE |
|-------------------|-------------|
| LIABLE INDEX | TABLE VALUE |
| 0 | 0.00 |
| 1 | 6.00 |
| 3 | 12.00 |
| | 18.00 |
| 4 | 24.00 |
| 5 | 30.00 |
| 6 | 36.00 |
| 7 | 42.25 |
| 8 | 48.25 |
| 9 | 54.25 |
| 10 | 60.25 |
| 11 | 66.25 |
| 12 | 72.25 |
| 13 | 78.25 |
| 14 | 84.25 |
| 15 | 90.25 |

FIG.66b

| TABLE INDEX | TABLE VALUE |
|-------------|-------------|
| 0 | 0.00 |
| 1 | 0.50 |
| 2 | 1.00 |
| 3 | 1.50 |
| 4 | 2.00 |
| 5 | 2.25 |
| 6 | 2.75 |
| 7 | 3.25 |
| 8 | 3.50 |
| 9 | 4.00 |
| 10 | 4.25 |
| 11 | 4.50 |
| 12 | 4.75 |
| 13 | 5.25 |
| 14 | 5.50 |
| 15 | 5.75 |

FIG.67

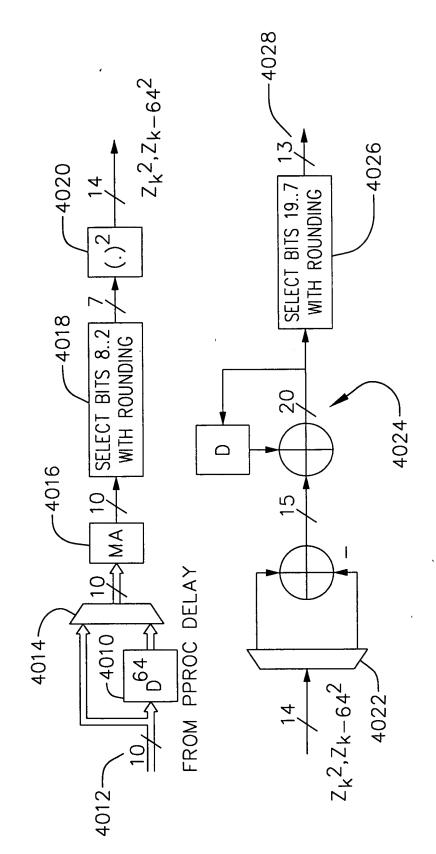




FIG.68

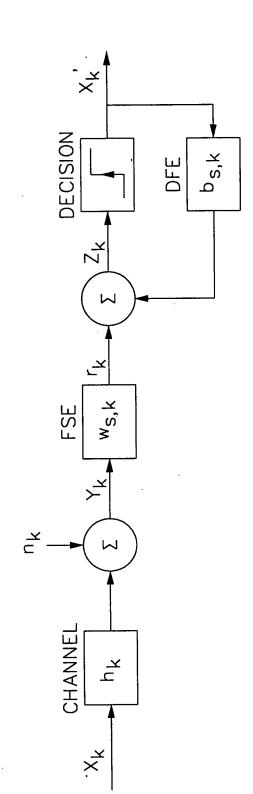
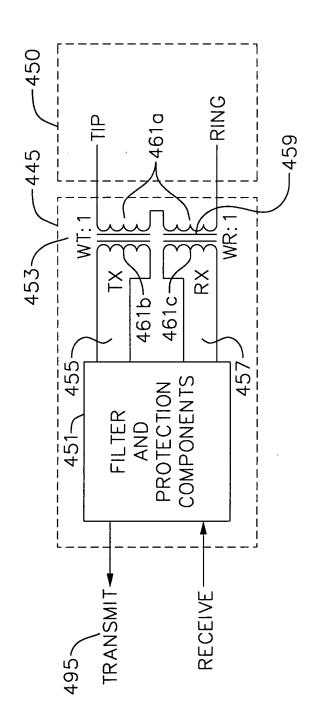
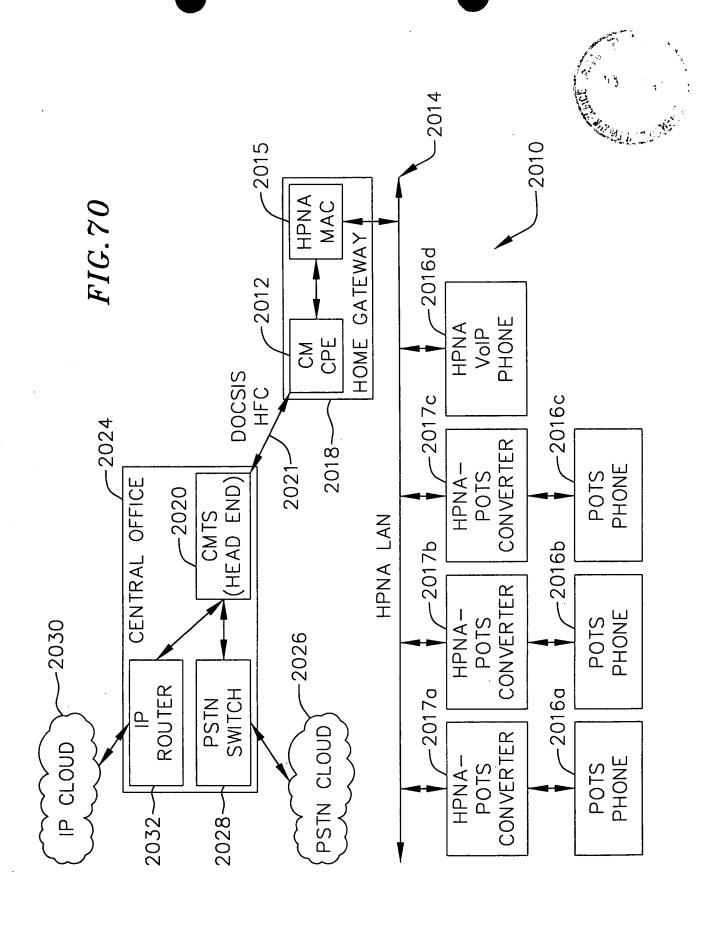




FIG.69







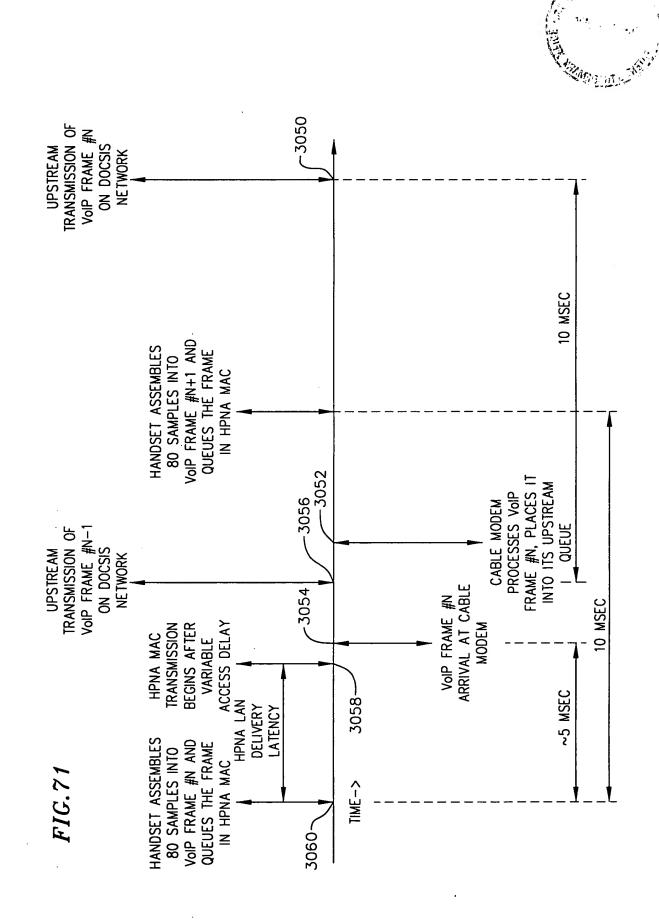




FIG.72a

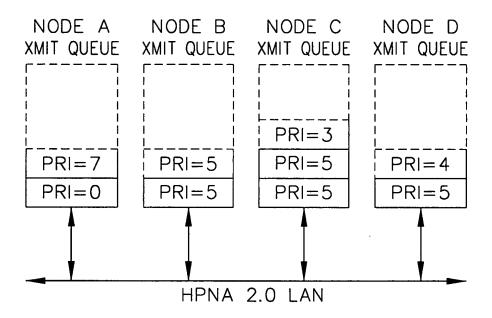


FIG. 72b

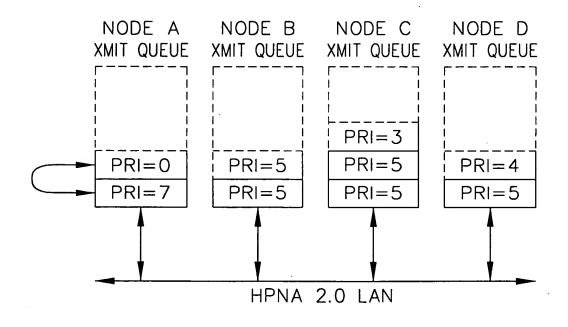


FIG. 73

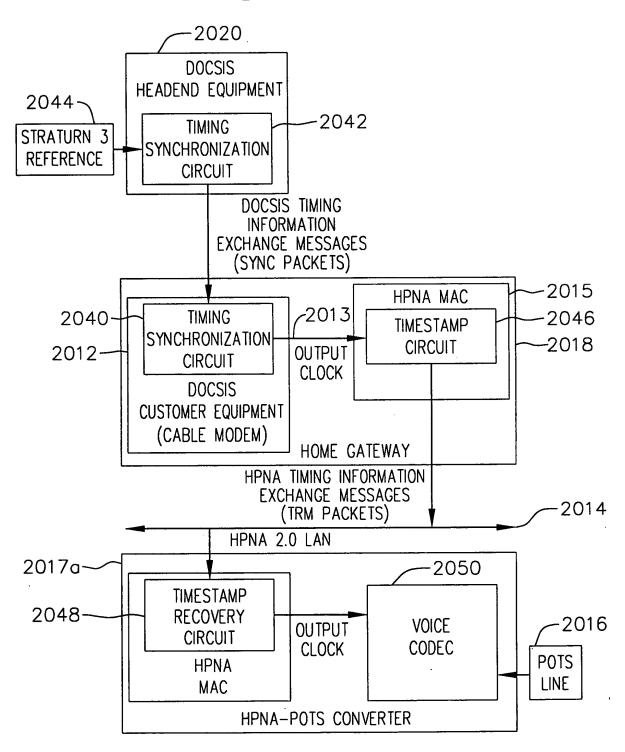




FIG. 74

| | UPSTREAM | | | DO | WNSTREA | MA |
|----------------------|----------|------|------|--------|---------|------|
| | "10E-6 | 91% | 90% | "10E-6 | 91% | 90% |
| PARAMTER | CASE | CASE | CASE | CASE | CASE | CASE |
| ACCESS DELAY | 3.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 3.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| COLLISION RESOLUTION | 2.7 | 2.7 | 0.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 0.8 |
| 3 UP, 1 DOWN | 2.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| LAST UP | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| COLLISION RESOLUTION | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| 3 UP, 1 DOWN | 2.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| LAST UP | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| 3 DOWN | | | | 1.5 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| 3 DOWN | | | | 1.5 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| TOTAL LATENCY | 11.8 | 7.4 | 5.5 | 14.9 | 8.9 | 7.1 |

10E-6 CASE IS 10E-6 CRA ONCE OF TWO TRIES IN HOMES WITH MAXIMUM 4MBITS/SEC RAW RATE

91% CASE IS 10E-6 CRA ONCE OF TWO TRIES IN HOMES WITH MINIMUM 10MBITS/SEC RAW RATE

90% CASE IS 10E-1 CRA TWICE IN TWO TRIES IN HOMES WITH MINIMUM 10MBITS/SEC RAW RATE

VALUES IN THE TABLE ABOVE ARE IN MILLISECONDS.

| OVERH | IEADS: | | | | LINEAR | 5 | 5 | 5 |
|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|------------|------------|------------|
| | | | | | PCM | NODES | NODES | NODES |
| IFG | PER | FRAME | LARQ | RTP_H | FRAME | CRA | CRA | CRA |
| | COLL | HDR | HDR | DR | SIZE | 10E-6 | 10E-1 | FIXED |
| 0.018 | 0.206 | 0.07 | 8 | 40 | 160 | 13 | 4 | 2 |
| MSEC | MSEC | MSEC | BYTES | BYTES | BYTES | COLLISIONS | COLLISIONS | COLLISIONS |

FRAME HEADER INCLUDES PREAMBLE, FC, DA, SA, T/L, EOF



FIG. 75

| | UPSTREAM | | | DO | WNSTREA | AM. |
|----------------------|----------|------|------|--------|---------|------|
| | "10E-6 | 91% | 90% | "10E-6 | 91% | 90% |
| PARAMTER | CASE | CASE | CASE | CASE | CASE | CASE |
| ACCESS DELAY | 3.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 3.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| COLLISION RESOLUTION | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| 3 UP, 1 DOWN | 1.4 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| LAST UP | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| COLLISION RESOLUTION | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 3 UP, 1 DOWN | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| LAST UP | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 3 DOWN | | | | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| 3 DOWN | | | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| TOTAL LATENCY | 5.5 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 6.5 | 3.3 | 3.3 |



| Field | Length | Meaning |
|-----------|-------------|---|
| DA | 6 octets | Destination Address |
| SA | 6 octets | Source Address |
| Ethertype | 2 octets | (TBD) = VOHN Link Control Frame - new IEEE assignment |
| Туре | 2 octets | 1 = Timestamp Sync Message |
| Length | 2 octets | = 4 |
| Version | 2 octets | = 0 |
| SeqNum | 2 octets | Timestamp Sync Message Sequence Number |
| Pad | | Any value octet |
| FCS | 4 octets | Frame Check Sequence |



Hig.77(1)

| <u>Field</u> | <u>Lengt</u> <u>h</u> | <u>Meaning</u> |
|--------------|--------------------------|--|
| DA | 6 octet s | Destination Address |
| SA | 6 octet s | Source Address |
| Ethertype | 2 octet s | (TBD) = VOHN Link Control Frame - new IEEE assignment |
| Туре | 2 octet s | 2 = Timestamp Report Message |
| Length | 2 octet s | Number of additional octets in the signaling frame, starting with Version field and ending with the last octet of the Data Payload field. Minimum is 2. |
| Version | 2 octet s | = 0 |
| TSMSeqNum | 2 octet s | Sequence number of TSM to which the Timestamp in this message is applicable. |
| Timestamp | 4 octet s | Timestamp of a previously transmitted Timestamp Report Message, corresponding to TSMSeqNum. |
| Frequency | 2 octet s | Resolution of the timestamp and Gtimestamp fields, in ticks/1.000ms. For example, value 32768 corresponds to one clock tick at 32.768Mhz, in which the LSBit of the Timestamp corresponds to a time of 0.030517578125usec. The Timestamp will rollover every 131 seconds = 2.2 minutes |
| NumGrants | 2 octet s | Number of Grant Timestamps specified in the payload of this control message. NumGrants may be zero. Each grant timestamp is accompanied by a Line ID and Call ID field. Including the Grant Timestamp, the total for each grant timestamp is 8 bytes. |



Fig. 77(2)

| Line ID | 2 octet s | Identifier of the Line termination associated with the immediately following GTimestamp. | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|---|--|--|--|
| Call ID | 2 octet s | Identifier of the call instance on the Line termination associated with the immediately following GTimestamp. | | | |
| GrantTimest amp | 4 octet s | Grant Timestamp corresponding to the immediately preceding Line ID. This is the time at which the Proxy Gateway wishes to receive a future constant bit rate service flow packet in order to minimize delivery latency to subsequent delivery to a synchronous network. The time value corresponds to the time at the timing master. Additional packets for the identified service flow are expected to arrive at periodic intervals measured from this time. | | | |
| ••• | | additional instances of {Line ID, Call ID, Grant Timestamp} field tuples | | | |
| Pad | | Any value octet | | | |
| FCS | 4 octet s | Frame Check Sequence | | | |



Ag. 78

| PIN NAME | CM-side Function (HPNA timing master) | | Handset Function (HPNA timing slave) | |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|----|--------------------------------------|-----|
| DPLL_REF_CLK | DPLL input clock | IN | | |
| Grant[4] | Grant Present Indication | IN | | |
| Grant[3] | Grant SID Value[3] | IN | | |
| Grant [2] | Grant SID Value[2] | IN | | |
| Grant[1] | Grant SID Value[1] | IN | | |
| Grant[0] | Grant SID Value[0] | IN | | |
| V_CLK_OUT | | | DPLL output clock | OUT |
| GPI[0] | | | Grant Present Indication[0] | OUT |
| GPI[1] | | | Grant Present Indication[1] | OUT |



| PIN NAME | CM-side Function (HPNA timing master) | | Handset Function (HPNA timing slave) | |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|----|--------------------------------------|-----|
| DPLL_REF_CLK | DPLL input clock | IN | | |
| Grant[4] | Grant Present Indication | IN | | |
| Grant[3] | Grant SID Value[3] | IN | · | |
| Grant[2] | Grant SID Value[2] | IN | | |
| Grant[1] | Grant SID Value[1] | IN | | |
| Grant[0] | Grant SID Value[0] | IN | | |
| V_CLK_OUT | | | DPLL output clock | OUT |
| Frame[0] | | | Frame boundary marker[0] | OUT |
| Frame[1] | | | Frame boundary marker[1] | OUT |

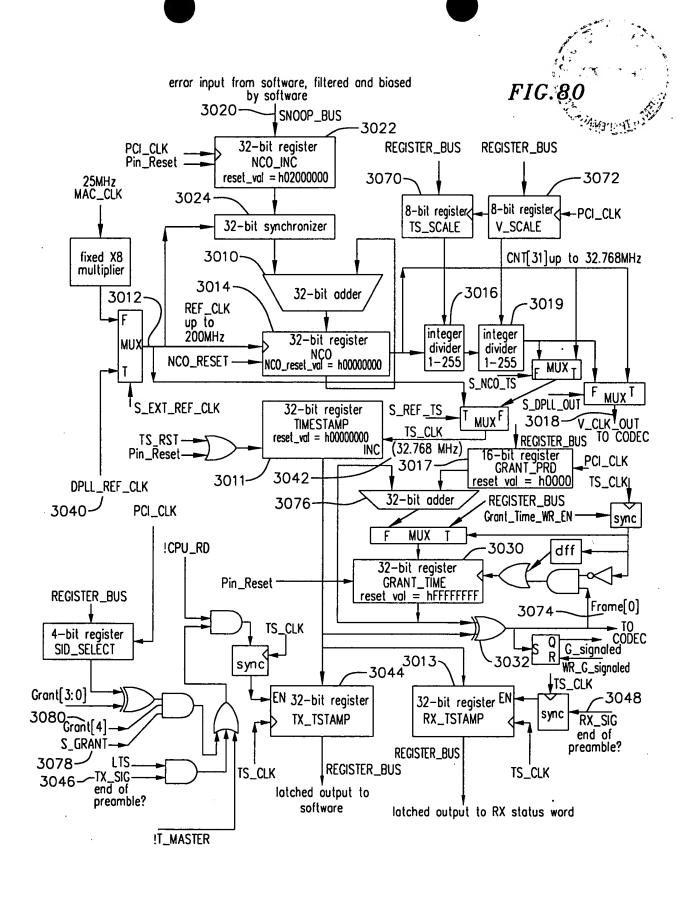
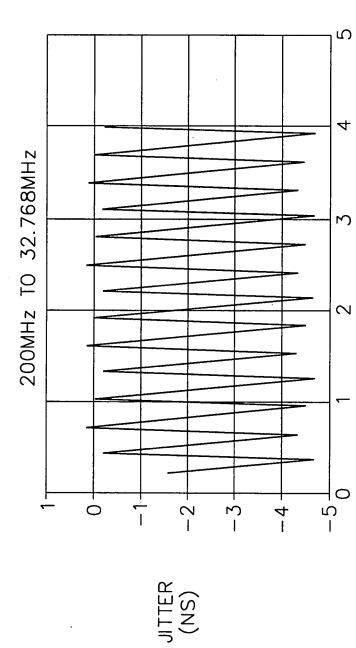


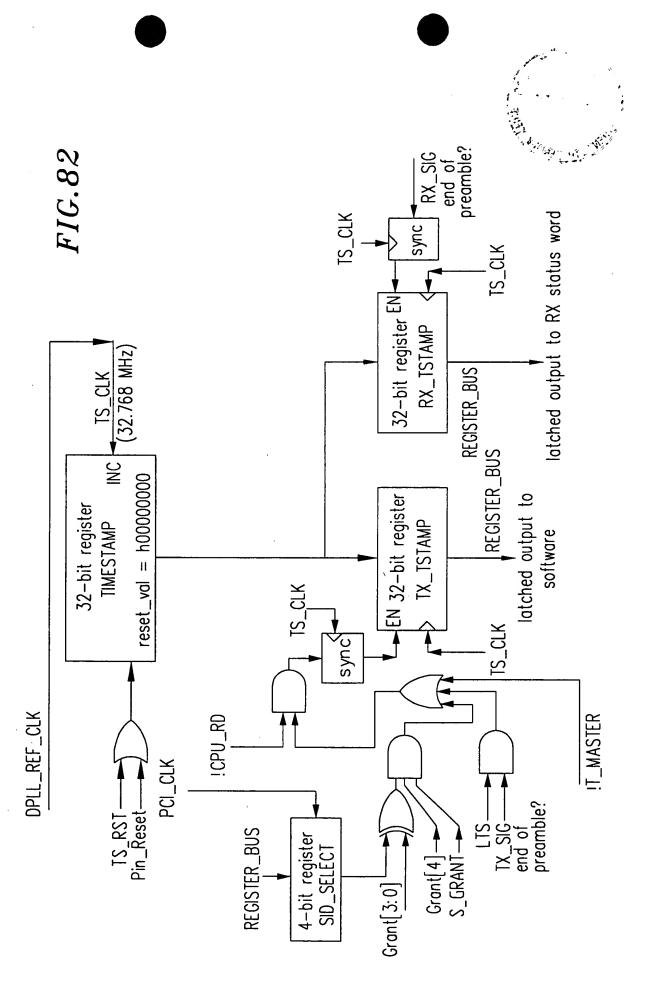
FIG.81



---OUTPUT TO REFERENCE JITTER

TIME (USEC)







Ag. 83a

| PIN NAME | CM-side Function (HPNA timing master) | | Handset Function (HPNA timing slave) |
|--------------|---|----|--------------------------------------|
| DPLL_REF_CLK | Timestamp input clock | IN | Timestamp input clock |
| Grant[4] | Grant Present Indication | IN | NA |
| Grant[3] | Grant SID Value[3] | IN | NA |
| Grant[2] | Grant SID Value[2] | IN | NA |
| Grant[1] | Grant SID Value[1] | IN | NA |
| Grant[0] | Grant SID Value[0] | IN | NA |

Ag.836

| Bit locations | Field name | Description |
|------------------|---------------|--|
| 7-3 | Reserved | |
| 2 | TsReset | When set to 1, forces timestamp register to value of 0x00000000. When set to 0, allows timestamp register to increment by one for each detected DPLL_REF_CLK rising edge. |
| 1 | SGrant | When set to 1, causes timestamp to be latched into txTimeStampHigh and txTimeStampLow registers whenever the value of tscSID matches the value of input pins Grant[3:0] and Grant[4] is asserted. When set to 0, disables txTimeStampHigh and txTimeStampLow latching under the stated conditions. |
| 0 | TMaster | When set to 1, enables txTimestampHigh and txTimestampLow registers to be latched with timestamp values at times determined by frame transmissions (through the LTS descriptor bit) or grant events (through the sGrant descriptor bit). When set to 0, enables txTimestampHigh and txTimestampLow registers to be latched with timestamp values at times determined by txTimeStampHigh and txTimeStampLow register read accesses. |

Default value of this register is 0x05

| Bit locations | Field name | Description |
|------------------|---------------|--|
| 7-4 | Reserved | |
| 3-0 | SID | SID value that is to be matched by Grant[3:0] pins in order to cause a grant timestamp value to be latched. When the Grant[3:0] pins match the SID value and the Grant[4] input is 1 and the sGrant register bit is 1, then the current timestamp value will be latched into the txTimeStampHigh and txTimeStampLow registers. |

Default value of this register is 0x00 CAS.83C



Ag. 83d

| Bit locations | Field name | Description |
|------------------|--------------------|---|
| 15-0 | txTimeStampL ow | Least significant 16 bits of the latched tx timestamp value |

Default value of this register is undefined.

Fig.83e

| Bit locations | Field name | Description |
|------------------|---------------------|--|
| 15-0 | txTimeStampH igh | Most significant 16 bits of the latched tx timestamp value |

Default value of this register is undefined.

Fig.83f

| Bit locations | Field name | Description | |
|------------------|--------------------|---|--|
| 15-0 | rxTimeStampL ow | Least significant 16 bits of the latched rx timestamp value | |

Default value of this register is undefined.

Gig 839

| Bit locations | Field name | Description |
|------------------|------------|--|
| 15-0 | | Most significant 16 bits of the latched rx timestamp value |

Default value of this register is undefined.

FIG.84a

DPLL OUTPUT JITTER
TS=24.576MHz, TRM=1.0SEC, LG=0.9, IG=0.1, TGOOD=0.95, M_J_DEV=1PPM

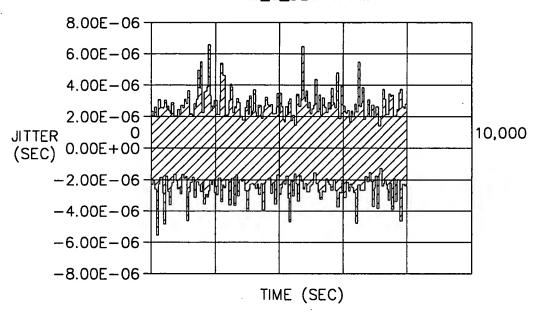
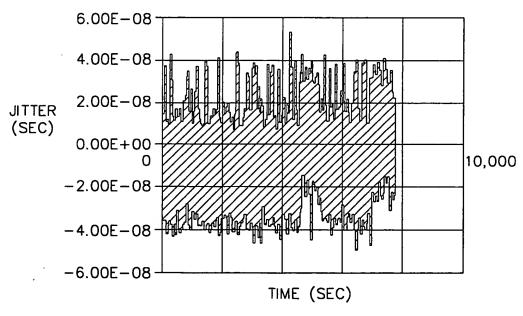
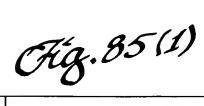


FIG. 84b

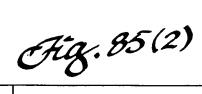
DPLL OUTPUT JITTER
TS=24.576MHz, TRM=1.0SEC, LG=0.9, IG=0.1, TGOOD=0.95,
M_J_DEV=0PPM



----- DPLL OUTPUT JITTER



| <u>Field</u> | Length | Meaning | |
|-------------------|-------------|---|--|
| DA | 6 octets | Destination Address (FF.FF.FF.FF.FF) | |
| SA | 6 octets | Source Address | |
| Ethertype | 2 octets | 0x886c (HPNA Link Control Frame) | |
| SSType | 1 octet | = TBD | |
| SSLength | 1 octet | Number of additional octets in the control header, starting with the SSVersion field and ending with the second (last) octet of the Next Ethertype field. Minimum is 16. | |
| SSVersion | 1 octet | = 0 | |
| TRM_type | 1 octet | Value of x00 means that this is a TRM containing a valid timestamp. Value of x01 means that the master does not have a valid clock and slaves should give local indication that they are no longer locked to a master reference. Value of x80 means that this is a TQM. Value of x81 means that this is a TSM. All other values are reserved. | |
| TRMSeqNum | 2 octets | Timestamp Report Message Sequence Number for this message. Sequence number of x0000 indicates an initial TRM, implying that Timestamp and PrevTRMSeqNum are both invalid. | |
| PrevTRMSeqNu m | 2 octets | Sequence number of TRM to which the Timestamp in this message is applicable. The value of PrevTRMSeqNum is not necessarily equal to TRMSeqNum minus one. PrevTRMSeqNum is set to x0000 for the first TRM of a TRM pair. | |



| Field | <u>Length</u> | Meaning | |
|------------|---------------|---|--|
| Timestamp | 4 octets | Timestamp of a previously transmitted Timestamp Report Message, corresponding to PrevTRMSeqNum. The LSBit of the Timestamp corresponds to a time of $0.030517578125\mu \text{sec}$ = one clock tick at 32.768MHz . The Timestamp will rollover every 131 seconds = 2.2 minutes. | |
| NumSlots | 1 octet | Number of Slot Timestamps specified in the payload of this control message. NumSlots may be zero. Each Slot Timestamp is accompanied by a MACAddr, and Channel_ID field. Including the Slot Timestamp, each Slot Timestamp is 12 bytes long. | |
| PAD_0 | 3 octets | Padding to align to a 32-bit boundary. Always present, even when NumSlots has the value of 0. | |
| MACAddr | 6 octets | MAC Address associated with the immediately following Channel_ID and STimestamp. | |
| Channel_ID | 2 octets | Identifier for a channel associated with the immediately preceding MACAddr. | |
| STimestamp | 4 octets | Slot Timestamp corresponding to the immediately preceding Channel_ID. This is the time at which the TRM sender wishes to receive a future constant bit rate service flow packet in order to minimize overall latency of delivery to a synchronous network. The time value corresponds to the time at the timing master. Additional packets for the identified service flow are expected to arrive at periodic intervals measured from this time. The LSBit of the STimestamp corresponds to a time of $0.030517578125\mu sec = one clock tick at 32.768MHz$. | |
| MACAddr | 6 octets | MAC Address associated with the immediately following Channel-ID and STimestamp. | |
| Channel_ID | 2 octets | Identifier for a channel associated with the immediately following Channel_ID and STimestamp. | |



Hig. 85(3)

| Field | <u>Length</u> | Meaning |
|-------------------|---|--|
| STimestamp | 4 octets | Slot Timestamp corresponding to the immediately preceding Channel_ID. This is the time at which the TRM sender wishes to receive a future constant bit rate service flow packet in order to minimize overall latency of delivery to a synchronous network. Additional packets for the identified service flow are expected to arrive at periodic intervals measured from this time. The LSBit of the STimestamp corresponds to a time of $0.030517578125\mu sec = one$ clock tick at 32.768 MHz. |
| ••• | | [additional instances of MACAddr, Channel_ID and Gtimestamp fields, until the number of Gtimestamp fields equals NumGrants] |
| Next Ethertype | 2 octets | = 0 |
| Pad | max (0,44- SSLengt h octets | Any value octet |
| FCS | 4 octets | |



Ftg. 86

| Field | Length | <u>Meaning</u> | |
|-------------------|--|---|--|
| DA | 6 octets | Destination Address (FF.FF.FF.FF.FF) | |
| SA | 6 octets | Source Address | |
| Ethertype | 2 octets | 0x886c (HPNA Link Control Frame) | |
| SSType | 1 octet | = 6 | |
| SSLength | 1 octet | Number of additional octets in the control header, starting with the SSVersion field and ending with the second (last) octet of the Next Ethertype field. Minimum is 4. | |
| SSVersion | 1 octet | = 0 | |
| TRM_type | 1 octet | Value of x80 means that this is a TQM. | |
| Next Ethertype | 2 octets | = 0 | |
| Pad . | MIN(0,4 0- SSLengt h) octets | Any value octet | |
| FCS | 4 octets | | |



Ag. 87

| Field | Length | Meaning | |
|-------------------|--|---|--|
| | | | |
| DA | 6 octets | Destination Address (FF.FF.FF.FF.FF) | |
| SA | 6 octets | Source Address | |
| Ethertype | 2 octets | 0x886c (HPNA Link Control Frame) | |
| SSType | 1 octet | = 6 | |
| SSLength | 1 octet | Number of additional octets in the control header, starting with the SSVersion field and ending with the second (last) octet of the Next Ethertype field. Minimum is 4. | |
| SSVersion | 1 octet | = 0 | |
| TRM_type | 1 octet | Value of x81 means that this is a TSM. | |
| Next Ethertype | 2 octets | = 0 | |
| Pad | MIN(0,4 0- SSLengt h) octets | Any value octet | |
| FCS | 4 octets | | |

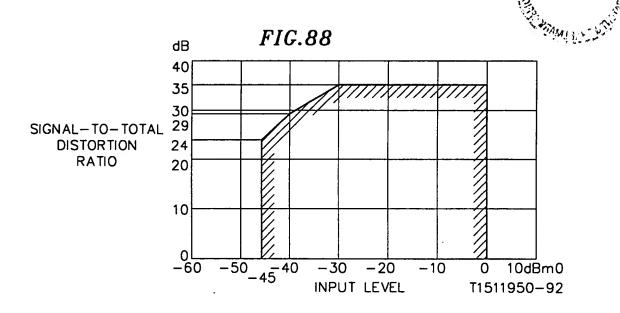


FIG.89a

| | UNIFORM QUANTIZER +COMPANDER SNR | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|------|
| 0dBm | 38.43dB | 60dB |
| -30dBm | 35.50dB | 54dB |
| -40dBm | 30.09dB | 44dB |

FIG.89b

| INPUT LEVEL | G.712 SNR SPEC | THE TOTAL SNR WITH UNIFORM QUANTIZER+COMPANDER+JITTER CLOCK |
|-------------|----------------|---|
| 0dBm | 35dB | 38.32dB (60dB ADC/DAC SNR IS USED) |
| -30dBm | 35dB | 35.42dB (54dB ADC/DAC SNR IS USED) |
| -40dBm | 29dB | 30.05dB (44dB ADC/DAC SNR IS USED) |

FIG.89c

| INPUT LEVEL | G.712 SNR SPEC | THE TOTAL SNR WITH UNIFORM QUANTIZER+COMPANDER+JITTER CLOCK |
|-------------|----------------|---|
| 0dBm | 35dB | 38.38dB (60dB ADC/DAC SNR IS USED) |
| -30dBm | 35dB | 35.26dB (54dB ADC/DAC SNR IS USED) |
| -40dBm | 29dB | 30.03dB (44dB ADC/DAC SNR IS USED) |

TO SHE

FIG.90

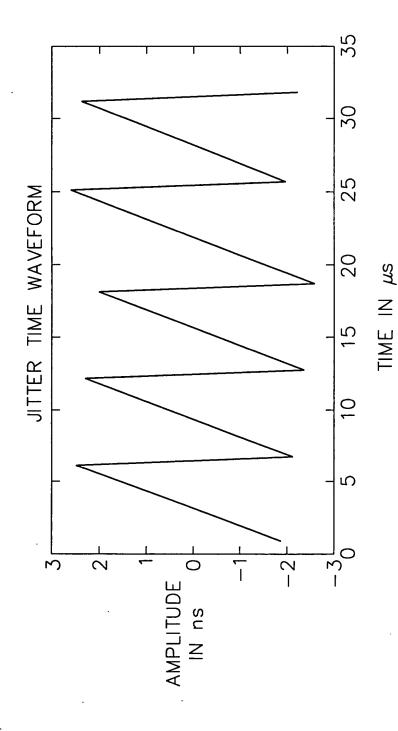
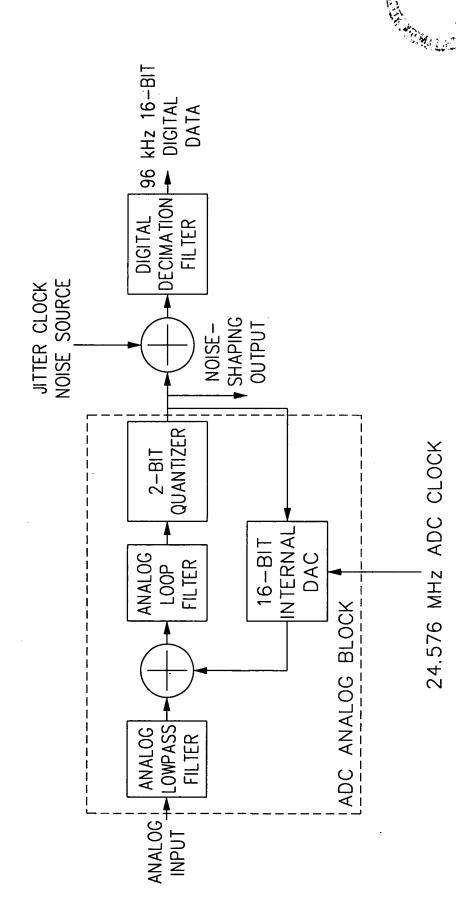


FIG. 91







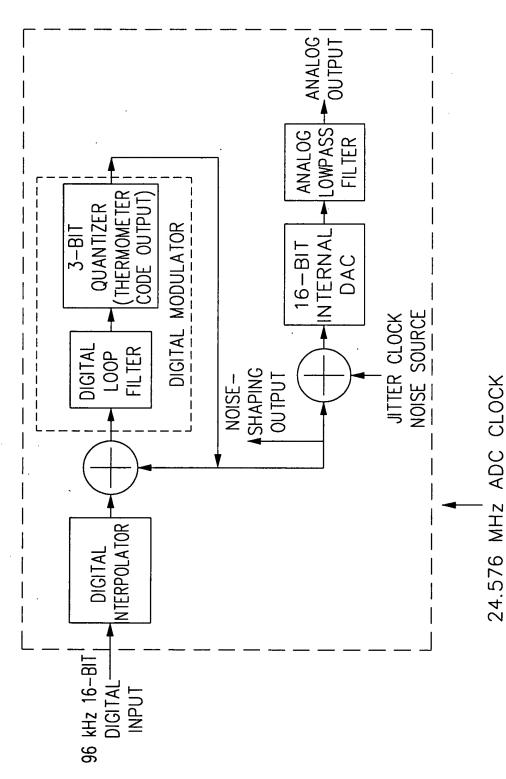
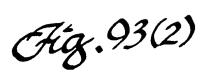




Fig. 93(1)

| Octet | Field | Lengt | Description |
|------------|---------------------------|-------|--|
| | | h | |
| Flags 0 | TxPriority7 | 1 | Station is (was) transmitting frames with LL priority 7. (always set) |
| | TxPriority6 | 1 | Station is (was) transmitting frames with LL priority 6. |
| · | TxPriority5 | 1 | Station is (was) transmitting frames with LL priority 5. |
| | TXPriority4 | 1 | Station is (was) transmitting frames with LL priority 4. |
| | TxPriority3 | 1 | Station is (was) transmitting frames with LL priority 3. |
| | TxPriority2 | 1 | Station is (was) transmitting frames with LL priority 2. |
| | TxPriority1 | 1 | Station is (was) transmitting frames with LL priority 1. |
| | TxPriority0 | 1 | Station is (was) transmitting frames with LL priority 0. (always set) |
| Flags 1 | Reserved | 5 | Shall be sent as 0 and ignored by 2.0 stations when received. |
| | CSS_Master_Capab ility | 1 | This station is capable of operating as a CSS Master node. |
| | No_V1M2_Frames | 1 | This station does not support the reception or transmission of compatibility frames (V1M2 frames). |
| | Supports 4Mbaud | 1 | This station supports 4 megabaud payload encodings. |
| Flags 2 | Reserved | 8 | Shall be sent as 0 and ignored by 2.0 stations when received. |
| Flags 3 | ConfigV2 | 1 | Force use of 10M8 mode, defers to Configl and ConfigVlMs. |
| | ConfigV1M2 | 1 | Force use of HPNA V1M2 mixed mode, defers to ConfigV1. |





| Octet | Field | Lengt h | Description |
|-------|-----------------|------------|--|
| · | ConfigV1 | 1 | Force use of HPNA 1.x mode, highest precedence of config flags. |
| | Reserved | 2 | Shall be sent as 0 and ignored by 2.0 stations when received. |
| | Highest Version | 3 | This station's highest supported HPNA version: 0x000 Reserved 0x001 HPNA 1.0 0x010 HPNA 2.0 0x001-0x111 Reserved |



| Field | <u>Lengt</u> <u>h</u> | Meaning |
|----------------|--------------------------|--|
| CSEType | 1 octet | X00 = signifies a CSS Extension type |
| CSELength ; | 1 octet | X08 = Number of additional octets in this CSEType. CSELength is always x08 for CSEType = x00 = CSS |
| CSS_MAC | 6 octet s | MAC address of client station |
| CSS_SEQ | 2 octet s | CSS sequence, 8 two-bit values concatenated: 0-2 indicate a specific signaling slot, while 3 indicates the use of a randomly selected value chosen by the client at the time of the collision. X0000 - xBFFF = assigned CSS_SEQ value for the node possessing the MAC address specified in CSS_MAC XC000 - xFEFF = reserved XFF00 = indication by the client node specified by CSS_MAC that it is no longer an active sender of link layer priority 6 frames (equivalent to a "0 active channels" indication) XFF01 - xFFFE = request by the client node specified by CSS_MAC for a CSS Sequence from the master node. The 8 Least significant bits indicate the number of active channels which are sending link layer. priority 6 frames for this client. XFFFF - reserved |

| 2-bit CSS register value (binary) | Signal slot integer (decimal) |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 00 | 0 |
| 01 | 1 |
| 10 | 2 |
| 11 | Random in range [0,2] |

| Bit Number | Value |
|------------|---|
| 7:0 | Station Type: |
| | 0 – HomePNA 1.x station |
| - | 1 – 10M8 station in VIM2 Mode |
| | 2 - 10M8 station in V1M2 Mode, that has detected a recent 1M8 transmission with |
| · | PCOM Station Type = 0 |
| | Other values reserved |
| 31:8 | Reserved, must be 0 on transmission |

| Precedence | Variable |
|------------|-------------|
| 1 | ConfigV1 |
| 2 | ConfigV1M2 |
| 3 | ConfigV2 |
| 4 | V1_DETECTED |
| 4 | V1_SIGNALED |

Cha.99